THE COLONIST
Has Double the Circulation of any other Paper in the Province, and is, therefore, unexcelled as an advertising medium.

The Daily Colonist.

COPPER PLATE
Visiting Cards a Specialty
—AT THE—
COLONIST OFFICE.

VOL. LX--NO. 40. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1889. THIRTY-FIRST YEAR

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Large additions to the Company's Stock of

CLARETS AND CHAMPAGNES!

Have been received, and the following fine Wines are now on sale:

CLARETS.—St. Emilion — Pauillac — Medoc — Domaine de Pelin — Chateau Lachesnaye, 1879—Chateau Calve Bages, 1881—Chateau Poujeaux, 1878—Chateau Les Ormes, 1879—Chateau La Rose—St. Julien.

CHAMPAGNES.—Eugene Cliquot — Perrier Jouet & Co. — Piper Heidsick—Krug & Co.—G. H. Mumm & Co.—Binet Fils & Co.—Moet & Chandon, White Seal—Pommery Sec.
au 9-1y

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, Limited

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
GUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, - 56 New Broad Street, - LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates. Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

LAND -:- FOR -:- SALE.

Choice BUILDING and GARDEN LAND in Lots
On VIEWFIELD and CONSTANCE FARMS,
Fronting on the ESQUIMALT and CRAIGFLOWER Roads, and to the rear of these roads.

This property lies **between Victoria and Esquimalt**, being **brought close to Victoria** by the New Bridge across the Harbor. A **most healthy and desirable situation** for Residences, commands **Magnificent Views** of the Olympian Mountain Range and other fine scenery. There is an **abundant supply** of excellent water.

For particulars apply to H. F. HEISTERMAN & Co., Burnes Block, 8 Bastion Square, B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd, 49 Government St., LOWENBERG, HARRIS & Co., Government Street, } *Real Estate Agents.*
Or to ALEXANDER MUNRO, *Hudson's Bay Co.*
my15

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, April, 1886.

TAKES RISKS ON THE CASH OR MUTUAL PLANS.

As this is a *Home Company*, organized by *British Columbians* for the two-fold purpose of giving *cheap Insurance* and keeping the *money* in this Province, it commends itself to the support of every insurer desiring the prosperity of this country.

Insurance can be effected in this Company at the lowest rates possible consistent with perfect security.

In Ontario, the system of insurance, which is similar to that adopted by this Company, has been in highly successful operation for the past fifty years, and it has proved to be a great advantage to every insurer in it, by reducing the cost of insurance, and it is estimated that now three-fourths of the insurance effected in Ontario is carried by mutual companies, which proves the high estimation in which they are held, and the confidence reposed in them after more than half a century of experience.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

N. SHAKESPEARE, ESQ., P. M., President, Victoria, B. C.
WM. WILSON, ESQ., Merchant, Vice-President, "

Hon. ROBERT DUNSMUIR, M.P.P., Victoria, B.C.
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W. P. SAYWARD, Esq., Lumber Merchant, Victoria, B. C.
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W. B. TOWNSEND, Esq., Merchant, New Westminster, B. C.
D. W. MORROW, ESQ., Secretary-Treasurer. M. H. COWAN, ESQ., Manager. jan26

MISCELLANEOUS.

STRIKE!

—AT THE—

Coal Mines!!!

Strike us with your orders, and see how quick we will fill them,
AT THE SAME OLD PRICE,
—AT THE—
VICTORIA
Coal, Wood, and Lumber Yard,
52 GOVERNMENT STREET,
NEXT BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
C. E. MALLETTE, Manager.
dec30

Every Picture---
---A Work of Art.
—THE—
HASTINGS ART STUDIO!

Has been Entirely Refitted.
NEW SCENERY!
NEW ACCESSORIES!
And all Modern Facilities for the Production of
Photos of the Highest Grade.
Enlargements in Crayon, India Ink, Water Colors, Pastilles, or Oil.
The Best Work at Popular Prices.
$6 CABINETS $6 PER DOZEN. $6
jan17-1mo

China and Japan Fancy Goods.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of
CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc., Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,
And Curios of every description, imported by every Steamer direct from China and Japan.
Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,
HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. Cormorant street.
nov23-1yr

E. G. PRIOR & CO.,
Sole Ag'ts for British Columbia,
Cor. Government and Johnson streets,
sep30-1yr-sun-th-sat-dw VICTORIA, B. C.

WANTS.

WANTED—A girl for light house work.—Inquire at the Chicago Candy Factory. jan23-tf

WANTED—A good strong girl or woman, to do general house work. Apply to Mrs. Foster, 51 Work street, Rock Bay. jan17-6t

WANTED—Situation as Engineer, on land or water. The best of referen es given. G. OSTROUT, 125 Blanchard street. jan10-4t

WANTED—by a gentleman (Solicitor)—a situation as secretary, clerk, bookkeeper, law reporter, or other kindred employment. Good English and French correspondent. Apply at THE COLONIST office. jan16-2w

ADVERTISER, with small capital, is wishing to become a partner in some well-established business house in the city. Address K. F., Box 284, City. jan5-1w

A PARTY—(MAN & WIFE PREFERRED) with a little capital, can hear of a good opening in an up country Hotel, by applying to "X.," COLONIST office. jan21-3t

We wish to employ a reliable man in your county. No experience required; permanent position for three years. Salary increased each year. Light, easy, genteel business. Money advanced for salary, advertising, etc. Largest manuf'rs in our line. Enclose 2-cent. No postals. Centennial M'f'g Co., Cincinnati, O. jan11-30t

WANTED!

BY AN ELDERLY LADY—A FEMALE TO act as companion. Good home. Apply "J." this office. jan24

WANTED!

Coat Makers. Vest Makers. Pant Makers.
First-class wages paid; steady work to good hands. Apply to D. J. LEVY, 61 Johnson street. dec25-1mo

WANTED!

AN ORGANIST FOR ST. ANDREW'S Church. Apply by letter to A. CARMICHAEL, Cor. Bastion and Langley streets. jan26-1w

BUSINESS WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN WHO CAN COMMAND a few thousand dollars wishes to purchase an established business, or will enter into co-partnership with a responsible party. Principals only will address X. Y. Z., Box 577, Post Office, stating particulars. jan17-1w

RAGS WANTED!

Five Cents per Pound
Will be paid for CLEAN COTTON RAGS delivered at the COLONIST OFFICE. dec19

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.
A 25 cent Meal!
OF THE BEST—AT THE
COLONIAL HOTEL, JOHNSON ST.
oct2-tf

THE ESMOND HOTEL
FRONT AND MORRISON, PORTLAND.
On American or European Plan.
FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTMENT. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.
my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

S. DES BRISAY,
General Agent for British Columbia, for
DR. J. EUGENE JORDAN'S
HISTOGENETIC MEDICINES
Room, 5 Bank of B. C. Building, VICTORIA.
Office hours 9 to 12—1 to 6. sep6

CLOTHING.

Sale To-Day!

GILMORE & -:- -:- McCANDLESS,

Sweeping Reductions to Clear Out the Winter's Stock.

Men's Overcoats from $12 to $18, for $11.00
Boy's " very cheap.
Men's White Shirts, 50c., good .....were 75c
Boys' White and Colored Shirts, 50c., were $1.00
Men's Grey Flannel Shirts, $1.00.....were $1.25
50 Boys' Suits for $2.65 each, were double that price.
Men's Leather Mitts, 50c.....were 75c.
Men's Kid Gloves, lined, 90c. .....were $1.25
Men's Heavy Blue Shirts, $2.00 .....were $2.50, a bargain.

These Goods must be sold, to make room for Novelties on the way.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
Johnson Street.
Telephone Call, 563. sep-dw

BUSINESS CARDS.

JAMES BRADY,
Mining Engineer,
80 HENRY STREET, VICTORIA B. C.
Telephone Call, 589.
Information and advice as to the opening up and development of mines, and the reduction of ores.
Estimates of cost of Mining machinery, Reduction works etc. jan5

T. EDE,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.
CALGARY, N.W.T.
dec1-tf

A. CHURTON,
Furs and Skins Dresser,
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Panther and Wolf Skins wanted, necks left long. Rub with sawdust or rotten wood, salt and dry.
aug23-6mo

AND STILL WE
COME to greet you all. The Yearly Gems of British Columbia, which are now ready at MRS. R. MAYNARD'S Studio, Douglas street. Ladies who have had their little one's Photographs taken at her Gallery during Jubilee Year, 1888, that have not received one of her annual Gems, can do so by calling at Studio, Douglas street.
Victoria, Dec. 31st, 1888. jan1-1mo

No More Draughts.
WEATHER STRIPS!
For Doors and Windows. A Large Supply.
J. P. BURGESS,
sep4-6m Carpenter, 10 Broughton street.

NOTICE.—I HAVE PURCHASED THE Scavenger business lately carried on by Smilow and Dougherty. All orders may be left at J. C. Devlin's, Yates street; J. Finlayson's, Government street; or at G. Doughty's, Fort st. All orders promptly executed at the lowest possible price. aug24-tf J. DOUGHERTY.

RICHMOND WEATHER STRIP.
The only means whereby wind and rain can be prevented from entering the House by Door or Window. For particulars apply to
McKILLICAN & ANDERSON,
dec13 Contractors and Builders.

JOHN BOYD, (Wholesale and Retail.)
Has just landed, ex "Brier Holme," the Finest Scotch Whiskies ever imported from Scotland. Connoisseurs whose health requires the most perfect qualities of Whisky will do well to give them a trial. In stock, Dantzic Spruce Beer, and Teas of a very superior quality.
jan27-12mo 45 to 47 YATES STREET.

SCOTCH -:- BAKERY,
DOUGLAS STREET.
The cheapest place to buy Bread, Buns, Cakes, Pastry, Jellies, Blancmanges, etc., etc. Fresh ice-cream daily. The trade supplied at special rates. Pic-Nic Baskets a specialty. Balls, Suppers and Parties catered for. Orders promptly and strictly attended to and delivered.
my5-12m

PEMBERTON & SON,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors,
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS.
City Property and Farming Lands for sale on Vancouver Island and on the Mainland.
Some of the best Agricultural lands in the Province for sale on Lulu Island, the Delta, and in Surrey Municipality.
MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED SECURITY.
jan18 45 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

JAMES BAY
—AND—
Dallas Road
LOTS for SALE.
$400 and Upwards.
TERMS --- ONE-FOURTH CASH.
This is a rare chance for persons wishing to secure Choice Building Lots on Easy Terms.
Apply at office of
F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,
Real Estate Agent,
jan20-1m No. 51 Yates street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED!
EVERYBODY TO ATTEND THE AUCTION Sale in Port Townsend, February 7th. See Posters. jan27-td

1850 - 1889
Bruce's Genuine Garden and Field Seeds for 1889.
SEEDS
Our Descriptive and Priced Catalogue for Spring trade is now ready, and will be mailed free to all applicants, and to customers of last year without solicitation.
MARKET GARDENERS
Will find it to their advantage to sow our Seeds.
JNO. A. BRUCE & Co.
Hamilton, Ont.
jan27-w-2t

VICTORIA BUILDING SOC'Y.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the above will take place at Harmony Hall, View street, on Tuesday, the 29th day of Jan., 1889, at 7:30 p. m., to receive the Secretary's Report and Balance Sheet; also election of Officers and Board of Management for ensuing year. At conclusion of which, the 3rd Drawing for an appropriation will be held.
By order, A. ST. G. FLINT,
jan24-3t-th-sun-tu Secretary.

WOOD, COAL,
FOR SALE AT CURRENT RATES.
Orders promptly filled if left at Scotch Bakery, Douglas street, or J. Finlayson's, corner Government and Broughton Sts.
dec15-3mo A. C. HOWE.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FIRST MORTGAGE, AT LOW RATES of interest. Loans on approved security promptly negotiated.
H. E. CROASDAILE,
Land and Financial Agent,
Office, next door to Bank of B. C., Victoria.
oct8-6m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. One or two well-furnished rooms, to gentlemen, at the corner of Douglas and Chatham streets, within a few minutes' walk of Post Office. Apply at this office. jan9-tf

TO LET—Eight minutes from the Post Office. Large handsomely furnished front room, $12 per month. Smaller, $6. 16 Young street, James Bay. jan6-1w

FOR RENT.—Two Houses, James Bay. Apply to J. H. Seeley, No. 9 Government st., near James Bay Bridge. jan6-1w

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR TWO gentlemen, can secure good furnished rooms, with breakfast if necessary, at residence on Pandora street. Apply W. H., this Office. dec30

FOR RENT—Furnished Cottage—3 rooms, bedroom, sitting room, kitchen, woodshed attached. Rent reasonable. Apply at 111 Pandora street. jan1-1wk

ROOMS TO LET—At Mrs. E. A. Howard's, No. 60 Rae street, Church Hill. jan1-1m

AN ACRE LOT, FRONTING ON BEACON Hill and two streets. Beautiful location for a residence. Fine view. Apply to Hall & Lowe, Government street. dec15

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.
ONE OR TWO WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS in a pleasant situation, in the vicinity of Church Hill. Apply "A. M.," this office. j24

FOR SALE,
FIVE-ROOMED COTTAGE, GOOD STABLE (accommodation for four horses), shed for wagons, etc., and two lots, 60×120 (each)—at Duncan's Station. Apply to Price & Jaynes, Quamichan Hotel. jan17

FOR SALE!
Oats. Swede Turnips and Mangolds.
Potatoes. Milch Cows.
J. D. PEMBERTON,
jan22-tf Gonzales Farm.

FOR SALE!
ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE SHARES in the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited. Apply to
CHARLES WILSON, Solicitor,
jan23-tf Broughton street.

FOR SALE!
CALEDONIA DYE WORKS.
Cleaning, Scouring and Dyeing of Ladies' and Gents' Wear. Also, Gents' Clothing repaired.
JAMES ALLISON,
jan15 Proprietor.

FOR SALE.
The Vancouver Hotel,
VICTORIA, B. C.
Having accommodation for eighty or ninety guests.
DOING THE BEST BUSINESS OF ANY HOTEL IN THE CITY.
Furnished completely throughout. Good reasons for selling.
Apply on the premises to
ISAAC BECHTEL,
jan25-1mo Proprietor.

EDUCATIONAL.

EDUCATIONAL.
THE REV. C. J. BRENTON, M.A., HAS engaged MR. T. HENDERSON, M.A., as a resident assistant for CORRIG SCHOOL. Mr. Henderson was a Scholar and Senior Scholar of the Royal, late Queen's University, Ireland, Honourman at the Littlego and Degree Examinations, and Double Peel Prizeman at entrance, College Prizeman of the First Rank in Mathematics (Pure and Mixed), English Language and Literature, French, Logic and Metaphysics. Mr. Henderson, who will leave England in a few days for Victoria, has had ten years experience in teaching, and has been very successful in preparing boys for Army and Civil Service Examinations, Oxford and Cambridge Locals, matriculating at one time nine candidates at the University of London, six passing in Honours.
The following from R. H. WILSON, Principal "The Birches," Portadown, is one from several very high testimonials:
"Mr. T. Henderson, M.A., has been my Senior Assistant for the past four years, during which time he has given me the greatest satisfaction. He is an excellent teacher, particularly successful in bringing on backward boys, and in preparing candidates for special examinations. As an all round man, capable of taking any school work, I have not found his superior. Mr. Henderson is a good disciplinarian, a favorite with his pupils, a faithful colleague, and his moral character is irreproachable.—June 2nd, 1888."
CORRIG SCHOOL re-opens January 14th, 1889.
jan8-2w

ANGELA COLLEGE,
VICTORIA, B. C.
MISS DUPONT WILL RE-OPEN HER Boarding and Day School for young ladies after the Xmas Vacation, on Monday, Jan. 7th.
dec27-1mo

CAPITAL NOTES.

Death of Sir William Buell Richards, Ex-Chief Justice of the Dominion.

Protest Against the C. P. R's Breach of Faith in not Building the Line from Harvey to Moncton—W. B. Harrington Appointed Collector at Halifax—The Two Cent Postage Announcement Premature—The Crossing of the C. P. R. by the N. P. at Morris.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—A delegation from Halifax, Moncton and Fredericton, interviewed the Government to-day, and protested against the Canadian Pacific's breach of faith in not building the line from Harvey to Moncton, so as to give Nova Scotia the benefit of the short line through Maine. Sir John promised that the Government would use every endeavor to compel the company to build the line, Parliament in 1885 having granted a subsidy of a quarter of a million for 20 years on condition that the short line, of which the Harvey and Moncton section is part, was constructed.

The Government lost no time in filling the collectorship at Halifax, vacant by the dismissal of Ross, W. B. Harrington being appointed at to-day's meeting of the Cabinet.

Sir John Macdonald said to-day that the statement published in the Toronto papers yesterday that the government had decided to reduce letter postage to two cents was decidedly premature.

The railway committee to-day approved the crossing of the Canadian Pacific by the Northern Pacific at Morris. Clark, for the Canadian Pacific, announced the intention that the road would fight the Northern Pacific in the courts at every step on account of the alleged unconstitutionality of the charter of incorporation.

Sir William Buell Richards, formerly chief justice of the supreme court of Canada, died here this morning. He was aged 73, and had been ill for several weeks.

[The Honorable Sir William Buell Richards was the eldest son of the late Stephen Richards, Esq., of Brockville, Ontario, and was born in Brockville on the 2nd of May, 1815. He was educated at the Johnstown district grammar school. He studied law with Mr. Andrew Norton Buell (late accountant-general to the court of chancery) and subsequently with the late Judge George Malloch of Brockville, and was called to the bar of Upper Canada in Michaelmas Term, 1837. He was elected a bencher of the Law Society in 1849, and in 1850 was created a Queen's Counsel. He was a member of the executive council, and attorney-general for Upper Canada (succeeding the late Hon. Robert Baldwin, C. B., in that office) from 28th October, 1851, to 21st June, 1853, when he was appointed to succeed the late Hon. R. B. Sullivan as a puisne Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, where he remained until the 22nd of July, 1863, when he was promoted to be chief justice of that court, *vice* Hon. W. H. Draper, C. B., transferred to the court of Queen's Bench. On the 16th November, 1868, he again succeeded Mr. Draper, as chief justice of Ontario, the latter retiring to the Court of Error and Appeal. On the 8th of October, 1875, he was appointed chief justice of the Supreme Court of the Dominion. He was appointed administrator on behalf of Ontario for the settlement of the north-western boundary of the province in 1874. In 1877 he was made a Knight Bachelor, and in 1878, he retired, being succeeded by the present chief justice, Sir Wm. Johnston Ritchie. The deceased Sir Wm. Buell Richards married Miss Deborah Catherine Muirhead, daughter of John Muirhead, Esq., barrister-at-law, in 1846, and who died in March, 1869. The deceased gentleman was a brother of Hon. A. N. Richards, P.M., of this city.]

CABLE NEWS.

Comment on the Banquet.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Comment on the Lord Mayor's banquet to Minister Phelps, is heard on every side, the plebian vieing with the aristocrat in expressions of opinion as to the propriety of the affair. The *St. James Gazette* asserts that in view of recent events the load of honors which have been heaped upon Mr. Phelps is entirely inconsistent, not to say humiliating. Several other papers agree that nothing can be said against Mr. Phelps, personally; but think that he has suffered an incalculable disadvantage in coming to London as the successor of a man of genius and finesse, meaning, of course, Mr. Lowell. Continuing, the *Gazette* says that baiting the English is not the kind of amusement which Americans generally favor, and thinks there is a great deal of room for doubt whether the people of other countries appreciate that kind of discussion. Punctilious observances of social amenities are well enough in their way, but the *Gazette* suggests the possibility that difficulties between England and America may arise which will necessitate the adoption of other means of settlement than those supplied by banquets and complimentary speeches. An example of such difficulties as the Samoa trouble is cited. It is unpleasant, the paper says, to find an attempt promptly made to implicate England in that affair by assuming that England and Germany are plotting against American interests, and it is hard to believe that American officials have willingly allowed the expression of this assumption to go abroad.

Eulogistic of Minister Phelps.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The *Post*, commenting on Minister Phelps' speech, says it was remarkable for earnestness and sincerity. The minister bears with him the cordial and universal good wishes of England. The *Times* says that for lightness of touch, combined with solidity of substance, and for sympathetic tact, judicious reserve, manly warmth of feeling and felicity of artistic expression, Phelps' brief speech has rarely been excelled. The *Standard* expresses the opinion that the banquet ought to have been given to Lord Sackville. It heartily approves such a demonstration to Phelps, but it is not equally sure that it was appropriate to Phelps as a Minister, while the diplomatic relations with America are strained. The press generally compliments Minister Phelps. The *Times* has a long article eulogistic of Mr. Phelps, in the course of which it says: "It has been rumored in the diplomatic world that umbrage would be taken at the presentation of a token to Mrs. Phelps because such an honor has never been paid the wives of any of the ambassadors of the great powers. We are sure that no feelings of that kind can be entertained by persons of common sense and political sagacity."

An Editor Imprisoned.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Mr. Powell, the editor of the *Medland Tribune*, published at Birr, was to-day sentenced to three months' imprisonment at hard labor in Tullamore jail. After the magistrate had concluded the sentence, Mr, Powell remarked the condemnation was "cut and dried," whereupon the judge imposed an additional penalty of seven days in jail for disrespect to the court.

A Suicidal Attempt.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—An American, whose name is supposed to be Geo. S. Driver, cut his throat with a razor in a room at the Angel hotel here to-day. His trunks bear the labels of the American railways, and particularly those entering Chicago, which designation is indicated in several instances. He also has among his possessions a photograph of himself and one of a woman of great beauty. It is not expected that he will live.

An Office for Lord Sackville.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The *St. James Gazette* states that Sir W. A. White, British ambassador to Turkey, will shortly retire, and he will be succeeded by Lord Sackville.

The Raised Cable Rates.

LONDON, Jan, 26.—The Anglo-American Telegraph Company report that since raising the cable rate to a shilling a word, between the United States and England, the company's receipts have increased 77 per cent, while traffic has decreased 26 per cent. The results of the advance thus far are satisfactory, but the company have not as yet decided whether or not it is a financial success.

Anniversary of Gen. Gordon's Death.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—To-day is the fourth anniversary of the death of General Gordon, who was slain by the rebels at the capture of Khartoum. His statue in Trafalgar Square is bedecked with flowers and wreaths.

Germany in Accord With England.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—In the Reichstag, to-day, Bismarck said that Germany was in the fullest accord with England, so far as the Samoan difficulty is concerned; and would advance, hand in hand, with her in any action that might be taken in the affair.

The Kaiser's Birthday.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—There are a large number of German princes in Berlin tonight, awaiting the opportunity to participate in the celebration of Emperor William's birthday to-morrow.

O'Brien Will Appeal.

DUBLIN, Jan. 26.—Mr. Thomas Healy, counsel for William O'Brien, sentenced at Carrick-on-Suir yesterday to four months' imprisonment, though he was not present in court when the sentence was pronounced, says it is probable that Mr. O'Brien will surrender himself. He will appeal from the sentence and O'Brien will thus have a few weeks' undisturbed freedom.

Mayoralty Election.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—M. Numa Gilly has been re-elected mayor of Nelles, though at present he is disqualified from holding office.

TEXADA ISLAND.

The "Blue Bell" Mining Company Organized—Several of the Claims Bonded——The Government Agent at Nanaimo Instructed to Record No More Mining Claims.

[From the Nanaimo *Courier*.]

On Thursday evening Mr. Bray, government agent, received instructions to record no more mining claims on Texada Island, as the same was in the District of New Westminster. This will not prevent mining licenses being issued by him for Texada, or affect the records of claims made up to this time and entered and recorded in his office.

THE BLUE BELL MINING CO.

The Blue Bell Mining Co. was organized on Friday. The claims owned by this company are the "Blue Bell," "Peg Top," "Roaring Lion," and "Georgie Dennie," on Texada Island. The object of the company is to develop the claims already mentioned, and to locate and prospect for others. Articles of incorporation will be applied for and the company will go ahead at once to determine the nature and value of their properties. This is the pioneer company of Texada and it is to be hoped that success will attend their efforts in developing the new quartz fields.

BONDING OF TEXADA MINES.

A company of Vancouver capitalists have bonded the "Eliza Jane," "Silver Queen," "Copper King," and "Carrie Miller" quartz lodes on Texada Island. These claims are owned by C. R. Miller of this city, and the bonding company will immediately proceed to develop these properties. The price agreed upon in the bond is said to be away up in the thousands. Other important mining deals are talked of; among others, it is rumored that a party of capitalists from over the Sound have been looking over Texada in a quiet way with a view of securing any choice plum in the shape of a quartz mine that might present itself. There is a peculiar feature about the present excitement at Texada, and that is that all of those who visit the new Eldorado tell about the same story of the excellent prospects. Miners and prospectors are proverbially sanguine, and a visit to Texada by those who are desirous of investing in a "hole in the ground," will be productive of the least disappointment.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

FOOTBALL.

A fine practice game of Rugby was played at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon, members of the club turning out well in answer to the call.

The members of the Young Men's Christian Association have abandoned the project of organizing an association football club, as the majority of their playing members are workingmen who are unable to spare the time for practice.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Blumenthal, of Strouss & Co., came home from the Sound yesterday.

Thomas Maloney, secretary of the Port Angeles colony, arrived on the Sound steamer last evening and will remain several days.

W. H. Mead, western agent for the North-Western line (the Royal Route), was in the city yesterday, and was a guest at the Driard.

Mr. Edgar Marvin, jr., who has been studying the theory of music in San Francisco, left that city for Victoria on the 23rd inst. It was Mr. Marvin's intention to have returned by the 15th January, but desiring to take advantage of the full course, he remained until its finish. He has been greatly helped in his work by his studies and the number of classical musicales he has been able to attend, and on his return will be in a much better position to impart musical instruction than before. He will resume his classes in Victoria in a couple of days.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OUR CABLE LETTER.

Recent Events in Africa and Samoa Stimulate the Germans to Largely Increase Their Navy.

Preparations for the Forthcoming Jubilee of Cardinal Manning—Brief Sketch of His Life.

The Massacre of Missionary Brooks and His Followers Committed as an Act of Revenge.

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LONDON, Jan. 26.—In certain official quarters, where sensational views, as a rule, are not apt to prevail, a somewhat grave interpretation is now placed on the Morier incident—graver than at first sight the facts might seem to warrant. The mere personal aspect of the matter is dismissed as unimportant. Lord Salisbury is credited with having spoken very frankly with the Russian Ambassador in London on the subject, and that is as far as he will probably consider it necessary to go. The fear is, however, that this attack on Sir Robert Morier is only the beginning of an anti-English movement which may have serious national consequences. Popular report in Berlin credited the present Emperor not simply with vague dreams of general aggrandisement, but with special and particular hostility to England and the ambition to humiliate Great Britain and to curb its power. Its recent German manœuvres, in which the Emperor took an active interest, were at the time openly spoken of by German military and naval authorities as a demonstration against England, and the elaborate efforts which are being made to place

THE GERMAN NAVY

on an effective footing is regarded by them as being made entirely with the view to a possible rupture with Great Britain. Under Emperor William the Second, anti-English prejudice appears to be developing into a chronic craze, of which it is difficult to foresee the ultimate result. Lord Charles Beresford in speaking to-day on the naval resources of Germany said: "The African blockade and conflict in Samoa have acted as a stimulus to the German Reichstag to support without opposition the government plans for an increase of the navy. The German navy, like that of Italy, is a creation of recent years, but it has developed upon very different lines and has attracted less attention than it deserves, because its progress has been mainly in a direction not easily perceived by the general public. The Italians have constructed a series of the finest ironclad battle ships in the world. The Germans have for several years devoted their efforts to the creation of drilled corps of naval officers and a sufficient

BODY OF TRAINED SEAMEN

for all emergencies. The principle has been first of all to found the growth of a naval power upon professional knowledge and character. With this object in view, the German government has kept a portion of its fleet constantly occupied in long cruises, giving to the men of all ranks that experience in seamanship which makes the sailor the type of daring and of ready resources. Every effort has been made to render the position of an officer in the navy no less honorable and attractive than that of officers of corresponding rank in the army, and the probability is that the German navy is better manned and better officered than that of any other continental power. The intellectual and moral foundation having thus been laid, it is thought that the time has come for further development of material strength. Accordingly, the keels of no less than 28 new vessels of war are to be laid in the near future. The German fleet will, upon their completion, be much more formidable than the mere statement of its numerical strength will reveal, because, as has been pointed out by Admiral Colomb,

IN THE CASE OF WAR

Germany can carry on her commerce through neutral ports, and thus evade the necessity for protection of her mercantile marine, and concentrate her navy for naval defensive or offensive operations.

Some confusion seems to exist about the forthcoming "Jubilee," as it is termed, of Cardinal Manning. Ordinarily the jubilee of an ecclestiastic means, as in the Pope's case last year, the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood. But Cardinal Manning did not become a Roman Catholic until a period of life so advanced as to render a jubilee of this kind nearly impossible. What, however, the Roman Catholic community of London are preparing to do is to celebrate this spring the beginning of his "silver wedding" with his diocese; in other words, the twenty-fifth year of his archipiscopate. Henry Edward Manning was born at Totterage, Herts, on the 15th of July, 1808. His father was a merchant of London.

"HARRY" MANNING,

as he is still termed by his few surviving contemporaries, was educated at Harrow, (where he was placed for two years in the cricket eleven,) under Dr. Geo. Butler, afterwards Dean of Peterborough, and father of the present master of Trinity. From Harrow he went to Baliol, and was subsequently elected to a fellowship at Merton. He married one of the Misses Sergeant of Lavington, near Petworth, the eldest of whom was the wife of Bishop Wilberforce. Mrs. Manning died a few years after her marriage, while Manning was rector of Lavington and archdeacon of Chichester. He seceded to the Church of Rome on the occasion of the Gorham judgment, but he had long been dissatisfied with the English Church, where his singular gifts of administration and government never found their full scope. He joined the society of "Oblates of Saint Charles," resided for some years in Rome and became one of the most trusted councillors of Pio Nono, who, on the death of Cardinal Wiseman in 1865, nominated him to

THE SEE OF WESTMINSTER,

though his name was not included among the three names *Dignus*, *Dignior*, *Dignissimus*, submitted by the Chapter of Westminster for the Pope's selection. He was consecrated on the 8th June, 1865, and elevated to the cardinalate on the 15th March, 1875. Thus, the twenty-fifth year of his archiepiscopate begins next June, and his so-called "jubilee" happens one year later. Attention has been called to the matter so far in advance, by the effort which Monsignor Moore, administrator of the pro-cathedral at Kensington, is making to render that church by the time of the "jubilee," free from its heavy mortgage debt, which, from present indications, he will probably succeed in doing.

The British foreign office has received a despatch from Zanzibar stating that the Arabs engaged in the slaughter of Missionary Brooks and his sixteen followers, sent word that the deed was

COMMITTED IN REVENGE

for England's anti-slave trade policy, and that missionary work in Central Africa was to be exterminated." Speaking on the subject this afternoon, an *attache* of the office who has had considerable experience in African affairs, said: "There is too much reason to accept this declaration of the policy as authentic, and to fear that its execution cannot be hindered. Before attempting the survey of the success of this arab invasion, I will endeavor to show what it means. A few years ago the natives of Central Africa lived a life that has fitly been termed idylic. Man was there in his primeval state. He was, to all appearances, quite happy, and without wants. One stick, pointed, made him a spear, two sticks rubbed together, made him a fire; fifty sticks tied together, made him a house; their bark made his clothes, and their fruit his food. The people had been called lazy, but they had no need to work. Among these simple, unprotected tribes, Arabs pour in from the north and east, with the deliberate purpose of

MAKING THIS PARADISE A HELL.

Wherever they go in Africa, the followers of Islam are the destroyers of peace, the breakers-up of patriarchal life, the dissolvers of the family ties. Their object is to obtain slaves. The slaves are used to buy ivory with. More slaves are needed to carry it, and thus it comes to pass that living man himself has become the commercial currency of Central Africa. The last four years has seen the spread of this devastating slave-raiding Mahometism through the length and breadth of Central Africa, from Lake Bangweolo to Aruwimi, a distance of one thousand miles from south to north, and from Tanganyika to Sankuiu, a distance of 500 miles from east to west. This whole country has been depopulated by these murderous expeditions. The last two years have seen the slave hunters establish themselves on Lake Nyassa; at first as Mohammedan settlers, next as political intriguers between the tribes, and at last as butchers and hunters of men. The transfer of Uganda from native rule to that of Mohammedan Arabs may be changed from a weaker to a stronger government, but as a sign that the power that directs the slave raids is rapidly increasing in force and vastly extending the borders of its dominions, it is a terribly serious matter, and has passed beyond the stage at which private initiative can successfully cope with trouble. The question now is not whether the government can successfully help the natives, but whether Europe, acting in concert, can place any effective barrier in the way of the slave raids.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

The Berlin correspondents of the Paris *Figaro* and *National* have been expelled from Germany.

Burns' anniversary was celebrated in grand style at Winnipeg, Toronto and Montreal, on Friday night.

Dr. Valentine, charged with the murder of Lily Charlton at Toronto, has been discharged, no true bill being found.

Premier Greenway and attorney-general Martin, of Manitoba, were banquetted at Glenora on Friday night.

It has been decided that a party of about sixty will leave Winnipeg next week to attend the Montreal carnival.

Minister Phelps has been invited to dine at Windsor on Monday, and to spend one night at the castle as the guest of Her Majesty.

A memorial has been forwarded to congress asking that Utah be denied admission as a state because of the prevalence of polygamy.

A true bill has been found at Toronto against a druggist named J. O. Wood, for murder. He was concerned in the Charlton abortion case.

London radicals intend to organize an immense mass meeting in Hyde Park to demand the release of Edward Harrington from Tullamore jail.

Nine of the street car lines in Brooklyn tied-up on Friday, owing to a strike among the employes. An attempt will be made to run the cars with new men.

At Crossan, a town in Saxony, a man named Rudolph, and his family of six persons, were suffocated to death by the escape of coal gas from a stove.

Rev. Mr. Brooks, an English missionary, and six of his assistants and followers, have been massacred in Africa by coast tribes and natives of Zanzibar.

On Friday the trial of Wm. O'Brien was resumed at Carrick-on-Suir, and notwithstanding the absence of the accused, he was sentenced to 4 months' imprisonment without hard labor.

L. Beaubien, who runs a licensed hotel at Toronto, has confessed to being a counterfeiter. He was caught with a pocketful of bogus ten-cent pieces, and showed the police where to find his apparatus.

The Toronto *World* announces that Hon. John Haggert, Postmaster-General, will recommend the adoption of a two-c

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1889.

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A. G. SARGISON, }

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A SPIRITED SPEECH.

The speech made by Dr. Beers, of Montreal, before the Dental Society at Syracuse is reproduced in a late number of *Imperial Federation.* The vigorous loyalty of that speech was admired by many in the Dominion, and now we see it noticed in terms of high commendation in a most respectable British publication, which represents the views and aspirations of loyal men in all parts of the British Empire. Dr. Beers spoke very plainly and very fearlessly to his American audience. The text of his discourse was "Canadians are not for sale." It was the speech of a self-respecting Canadian to self-respecting Americans. Dr. Beers was not by any means complimentary to the American politicians who, now and then, for electioneering purposes, find it necessary to make fire-eating speeches denouncing Great Britain and Great Britain's dependencies. He very properly refused to take the utterances of these gentry "who eat forked lightning for breakfast and dynamite for dinner," as expressive of the feeling entertained by the great body of American citizens towards Canada and the Land which she still affectionately and reverently calls "The Mother Country." He also warns his hearers against taking the speeches of the discontented and wrong-headed Canadians who endeavor to create the impression that Canada is ripe for annexation, as giving a true view of the state of public opinion in the Dominion on that very interesting and important subject. The worthy doctor becomes exceedingly caustic and almost loses his temper when he speaks of these disloyal agitators. "No one more than loyal Americans," he says, "would despise the poltroon who carries his patriotism in his pocket; the disloyalty of the political parasite who would make patriotism a house of cards and dollars the chief end of a people; intriguers who hiss out secession or annexation when they fail to get their political crimes or crochets enshrined; men whose hunger for notoriety and power is a fever of their existence." Again he says "We have a few of those wiseacres of society who assume to possess a monopoly of foresight, and who, like Caius Caligula, think the world would have been better made could they have been consulted. But these people no more represent the convictions of Canadians than O'Donovan Rossa or your fire-eating politicians and papers represent those of true Americans." He goes on to show that if the stability of the Union is to be estimated by the utterances of vaporing croakers, Canadians would be apt to conclude that the United States is on the point of dissolution. But everyone knows that this is far from being the case. And as it would be foolish for Canadians to believe from the speeches of a few disappointed men and sore-heads that the Union is in danger, so it would be equally stupid for the Americans to conclude that the Canadian people pine for annexation because a few misguided men are dissatisfied with Confederation and long for a change. He produces facts and arguments to prove that Canadians have the best reasons for being satisfied with their political condition. Since the union of the provinces the Dominion has progressed at a rapid rate. No advocate of Confederation ventured to predict that in the short space of twenty-one years it would have arrived at the state of material prosperity and national importance that it has attained. There are no indications of discontent in the Dominion and the endeavors of the annexationists to make Canadians dissatisfied are vain. After showing how much has been done towards the improvement of the country since 1867 the doctor asks: "Can you wonder that annexation, as a serious subject has received its doom, and that in spite of the intoxication of senatorial conceit on the one side and the croaking of malcontents and political tramps on the other Canada is loyal to the Mother Country from whose stout old loins most of us sprang. Confederated Canada, respected Canada, loyal Canada, progressive Canada, is a personal and political insult to the sore-head parties who opposed Confederation and who would welcome annexation to Turkey or Russia were we neighbors, or rejoice even at annihilation rather than live the agonizing life of seeing their prospects and predictions destroyed."

It is just possible that the ardor of Doctor Beers' loyalty makes him a little unjust to those men who wish to see the destiny of Canada united with that of the United States and causes him to attach too much importance to the agitation in favor of annexation or commercial union—for they mean the same thing—that is now going on in Canada. Well-meaning men often make very singular mistakes and entertain strange views on politics and religion. It is not, we think, wise to denounce in such exceedingly strong terms, men who hold what we believe to be erroneous views. Mr. Goldwin Smith, who is the intellectual leader of the party which advocates closer relations between Canada and the United States than those which now exist, is a man of undoubted integrity and purity of motive. He does not deserve to be stigmatized as either "croaking malcontent" or a "political tramp," and he is certainly not an "obscure crank." Epithets of this kind weaken and deform Dr. Beers' otherwise excellent speech. He has a strong and a good cause, and he can afford to treat opponents with magnanimity. He should remember that violence is not always force.

Again, this very speech of the able and accomplished citizen of Montreal, and numberless other speeches and articles on the subject of annexation, show that the question occupies much of the attention of the people of Canada. It was only the other day that Canada's relations with the United States were the main subject of speeches made by the Governor-General, the Premier of the Dominion, and the Premier of Ontario. Men occupying their positions in the political world do not waste their time in discussing the exploded theories of political tramps. It is very likely that the question of annexation has been raised to an importance which, from the number of those favoring it in Canada, it does not deserve, but seeing that a greater and a more general interest is taken in it than in almost any other public question, it is premature, to say the least, to pronounce it "doomed." No good object is to be gained by underrating the power or the importance of the opposite side. It is, in fact, a dangerous thing to do. It is certain to beget an arrogant self-confidence which prevents those who feel it from taking the steps necessary to secure success when the battle is being fought.

It would be wise for the lovers of British connection to be on the alert, ready to meet the annexationists at every point. No one knows just now how strong they are. They may be quite as weak as Dr. Beers represents them to be, or they may be very much stronger than he has any idea of. It must be remembered that an open profession of annexationist views just now subjects a Canadian in many places to reproach, and if he is a public man, alienates from him many whose support he desires to retain. There are too, no doubt, a good many in the country who have a leaning towards annexation who do not possess the spirit of martyrs. These men are not to be convinced that they are wrong by fierce denunciatory speeches or by applying to them reproachful and injurious epithets. If they are to be convinced that they are in error, and that they have formed a false estimate of the advantages of union with the United States, it must be by appeals to their reason made in a kind and a friendly way. The other kind of treatment creates antagonism and closes their minds to the consideration of facts and arguments. The defect of Dr. Beers' speech is that it makes too few allowances for those who differ with him in opinion. Such speeches are calculated to create a bitter party spirit, but they never make converts. The ultra-loyal man will read it with approval and re-commend it to his neighbor; but the man who looks favorably on annexation, although he may not have quite made up his mind, will angrily throw it aside. The speech would be quite as strong as it is—and in our opinion calculated to do much more good—if it were less fierce and more tolerent.

IMMIGRATION.

The question of immigration is being seriously considered both in the United States and Canada. Large numbers are sent to this side of the Atlantic who are not needed. Persons who have neither moral nor physical vigor enough to make a living in their own country are assisted to come to America where the conditions of life are altogether different, and where it requires robustness both of mind and body to ensure success. Weak creatures, who have always been dependent, who have never thought or acted for themselves, are altogether out of place in a new country. Paupers, and those who have been virtually though not nominally paupers, should stay at home. It goes without saying that men and women with broken constitutions and physical defects are not calculated to make their way in either Canada or the United States. Instead of helping to build up the country they are certain, sooner or later, to become a burden on it and when they die to leave behind them children who, inheriting the weaknesses and the vices of their parents, will become the inmates of jails and poor-houses. The old world should keep its own criminals and those who are on the way to become criminals. The American army of the vicious needs no recruits. There are in the Old World many who have imbibed principles very dangerous to the well-being of society. They have not been free, and they do not know how to exercise the rights and privileges of free men. These men when freed from the restraints of the government that kept them down become unmanageable, and create confusion and disorder in the land which gives them an asylum. Are they men to be encouraged to come to swell the dangerous classes of the New World? Persons who have given the subject of immigration much careful thought have come to the conclusion that the time has arrived to check the indiscriminate importation of men and women. They believe that no immigrant should be allowed to land in America who does not give promise of being a useful law-abiding citizens. This would exclude the lame, the halt, the blind, the idiotic, the criminal, the pauper and the irreconciliable agitator. In order that immigrants to the United States in future shall be of the right class, a committee of the House of Representatives is preparing a bill, one of the provisions of which is, that intending immigrants shall undergo a strict examination by a United States consul before they leave their native country. This will be quite an improvement on the present state of things. If no immigrant were allowed to land who could not present a consular certificate of fitness, the immigrants might be fewer than they now are, but they would be of a much better class. Sifting out the unfit emigrants could be done much more effectively and much more easily on the other side of the Atlantic than on this. A change is to be effected in the immigration policy of the Dominion, but it is almost too much to hope that this bill will be among the reforms.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

MR. A. M. STENHOUSE, like many new converts, is a staunch upholder of the tenets of the body he has joined. He has become a zealous and a fearless advocate of polygamy. He believes it to be allowable for a man to have more than one wife, and he considers it an infringement of his rights as a British subject to interfere in his domestic arrangements in the way of limiting the number of his helpmeets. He is still a bachelor, but it is evident that he contemplates matrimony, and this is how he asserts his right to marry as many women as he can woo and win. "As a free born Briton," says Mr. Stenhouse, "I shall certainly claim equal rights with the Indian, Mahommedan and other subjects of her Majesty. Apart from any doctrine supposed to be taught by Mormons, monogamy, though consecrated by centuries of triumphant error, is yet very far from defining the creed or prescribing the practice of your very faithful servant." Mr. Stenhouse is, at any rate, no hypocrite. He is not like some of the other Mormons, who, when trying to get a foothold on British territory, repudiated polygamy and declared they had no intention of practising it, if they were allowed to settle in the Northwest. They, no doubt, were trying to deceive those whom they expected to have as neighbors. They were just as strong in their belief in polygamy as Mr. Stenhouse is, and just as determined to practice it. But they thought it good policy to dissemble. We are greatly mistaken if the Mormons do not give the authorities in the Northwest trouble yet.

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A Business Letter.

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SEALED SEPARATE TENDERS, addressed to F. C. GAMBLE, GOVERNMENT ARCHITECT, VICTORIA, B. C., and endorsed "Tender for Industrial School, Kamloops," "Tender for Industrial School, Kuper," respectively, will be received at Victoria, B. C., until Tuesday, the 19th day of February, 1889, for the erection of Industrial Schools at Kamloops and Kuper, B.C.

Specifications and drawings can be seen at above address, on and after the 25th day of February, 1889, and tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to *five per cent. of amount of tender*, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract, or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 16th January, 1889. } jan25-3t

Contract for making up Uniforms for Letter Carriers.

SEPARATE Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, Ottawa, (for Superintendent Printing and Supply Branch.) and marked "Tender for Making up Uniforms for Letter Carriers" at Halifax, St. John, N. B.; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ont.; Winnipeg, and Victoria, B. C.; will be received at Ottawa, until 12 o'clock, noon, on MONDAY, the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for Making up Letter Carriers' Uniforms to personal measurement of the Carriers requiring the same, and with material, certain of which will be furnished by the Department, as specified in the form of tender, at the above mentioned cities or elsewhere, as may from time to time be required by the Postmaster General.

Information as to the estimated number of garments required to be made per annum at each of the cities herein named can be obtained from the Postmasters of the aforementioned cities, and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa; and samples of the different articles of uniform to be made up are to be seen at the Offices of the Postmasters of the cities specified and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa, at any of which additional information can, if required, be obtained.

The contract to continue in force for a term of four years, provided always that the same be executed as to prompt completion of the work, the quality of the material used, and the nature of the workmanship performed, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General.

The material and workmanship are to be, in every respect, equal to the samples, and all the different articles of uniform when completed are to be delivered at the expense of the Contractor or Contractors, in such quantities as may from time to time be required, to the aforesaid Postmasters, or at the Post Office Department, Ottawa, as the case may be.

The tender to state the price demanded for the work in the manner prescribed by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties undertaking that, in the event of the tender being accepted, the contract shall be duly executed by the person or persons tendering for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the contractor or contractors in the sum mentioned in the form of tender, for the due performance of the contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices above mentioned and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Deputy Postmaster General.
Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 24th January, 1889.

Separate Sealed Tenders will also be received from any one individual or firm for the SUPPLY of the whole of the Uniforms required for the Letter Carriers of the Dominion upon the same terms and conditions as for the "Making up of Letter Carriers Uniforms" above set forth.
jan24-4t-taw

TENDERS.

TENDERS.

WHOLE AND SEPARATE TENDERS required for the erection of St. Andrew's new Presbyterian Church (stone and brick), corner of Douglas and Broughton streets. The drawings and specifications may be seen at the office of the architect, where tenders are to be delivered before noon, Monday, 28th instant. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
jan10-td L. BUTTRESS TRIMEN.

Notice to Contractors.

WHOLE AND SEPARATE TENDERS are invited for the erection of a three-story brick warehouse facing Broughton street, up to 4 p.m., Monday, January 28th. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
S. C. BURRIS, Architect,
jan22-td 14 Burns's Block, Bastion Sq.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

First-class building rock for sale—to be delivered—has never been culled. Apply to John J. Russell, Strawberry Vale Farm, Burnside road, P. O. Box 302. 1 Jan-2 mo

NOTICE.

Steam Service to Alberni.

SEALED TENDERS, ENDORSED "STEAM Service to Alberni," will be received by this department until 4 p. m. on Friday, the 1st proximo, for the following service between Victoria and Alberni.

Two round trips a month during April, May, September, and October, and one round trip during each and every other month.

The day of sailing to be fixed, and duly advertised.

Each tender to state the name and capacity of the steamer to be employed in the service, the rate to be charged for freight and passage.

Competition will be on the amount of subsidy required for the service.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

(Signed,) JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
10th January, 1889. jan11-td

LUMBER & SMALL SPARS

NAVAL YARD,
Esquimalt, 16th January, 1889.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED ON BEhalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Monday, the 18th of February next, for supplying such quantities of Lumber and small Spars as may be required for Navy purposes for one year certain from 1st April, 1889.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of Tender and particulars obtainable at this Office.

JAMES H. INNES,
jan17 Naval Storekeeper, &c.

NOTICE.

To Contractors and Bridge Builders

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL BE received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of Thursday, 7th March next, for the erection of bridges over the North Arms of the Fraser River to connect Lulu and Sea Islands with each other and with the mainland.

Two different designs for the bridges have been prepared, upon which separate bids must be made.

Design No. 1 is composed of nine iron combination Pratt truss spans of 140 feet each, one similar span of 100 feet, two Howe truss swing spans of 140 feet each, and 700 feet of pile trestle approach.

Design No. 2 is composed of forty-seven Queen truss spans of 40 feet each, two Howe truss swing spans of 100 feet each, and 1,560 feet of approach.

The piers in each design are formed by piles.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, made payable to the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. In the event of a contract being let, the cheque will be retained as part security for the due performance of the work. The cheque will be returned to unsuccessful competitors, but will be forfeited by any bidder who may decline to execute a contract if called upon to do so.

The contractor will be required to give satisfactory security, amounting to half the contract price, for the due fulfilment of the contract, and for the maintenance of the bridge for a period of six months from the date of the completion of the work.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 21st January, 1889. jan23-td

Contract for the Supply of Boots for Letter Carriers.

SEPARATE Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, (for Superintendent, Printing and Supply Branch,) and marked "Tender for the Supply of Letters Carriers' Boots," will be received at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon on Monday the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for the supply to this Department of such Boots as may from time to time be required for the purpose above stated.

The estimated number of pairs required annually is Seven Hundred (700), samples of which are to be seen at the offices of the undermentioned Postmasters, from whom additional information can, if required, be obtained:—

Halifax, N. S.; St. John, N. B.; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ont.; Winnipeg and Victoria, B. C., nd at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The material and workmanship are to be, in all respects, equal to the samples and the Boots when completed are to be delivered at the expense of the Contractor or Contractors, in such quantities as may from time to time be required at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The contract to continue in force for a term of four years, provided always the same be executed, as to the prompt completion of the work, the quality of the material used, and the nature of the workmanship performed, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster-General.

The tender to state the price demanded per pair in the manner prescribed by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties undertaking that, in the event of the tender being accepted, the Contract shall be duly executed by the person or persons tendering for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor or Contractors in the sum of One Thousand Dollars, for the due performance of the Contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Office above named and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Deputy Postmaster-General.
Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 24th January, 1889.
jan24-4t-taw

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CELEBRATED

JOHN JAMESON WHISKEY

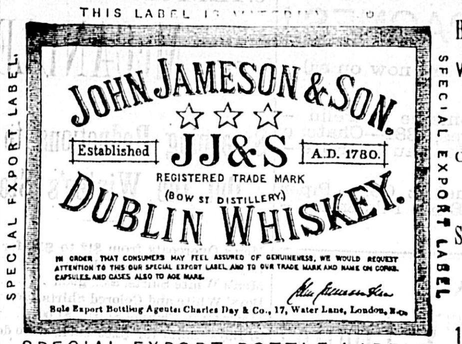
Realizes the Highest Price in the

IRISH WHISKEY MARKET.

—MANUFACTURED ONLY BY—

JOHN JAMESON AND SON,

THIS LABEL IS ...



SPECIAL EXPORT BOTTLE LABELS.
Reduced fac simile.

BOW ST. DISTILLERY, DUBLIN.

Who are not connected with any other Distillery.

Can be obtained in Bulk or Bottle (One, Two or Three Stars) by all Dealers from their

SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AG'TS,

Chas. Day & Co.,

17 Water Lane, LONDON.
aug7-12t-1am

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.

VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Corner Government and Yates Streets, - VICTORIA, B. C.
no23 ly

S. D. NESBITT. W. S. DICKSON.

BRITISH COLUMBIA STEAM BAKERY

NESBITT, DICKSON & CO., Proprietors.

FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS, VICTORIA, B.C.

Keep in Stock the following varieties of Crackers:

Arrowroot,	Iced Sultanas,
Assorted Jumbles,	Lemon Snaps,
Abernethy,	New York Snaps,
Cabin Biscuit,	Oat Meal Biscuit,
Coffee Cake,	Pilot Bread,
Cheese Biscuit,	Perkins,
Currant Top,	Rich Mixed,
Ginger Cakes,	Sodas,
Ginger Snaps,	Seed Biscuit,
Graham Wafers,	Sugar Crackers,
Family Pilot Bread,	Special Jumbles,
Fancy Mixed,	Sugared Cookies,
Fruit Biscuit,	Vanilla Creams,
Iced Ginger Bread,	Sultanas,
	Wine Crackers.

Price List furnished on application. Special discount to the trade. Orders promptly attended to.

Ask Your Grocer for Nesbitt, Dickson & Co.'s Crackers.
dec4

—THE—

Vancouver City Foundry & Machine Works

COMPANY (LIMITED),

BEGS to inform the citizens of Victoria and public generally, that all orders for Castings, Boilers, or other work in their line, will not only meet with prompt attention, but that in addition to reasonable rates (including free delivery in Victoria), they are also prepared to guarantee their work as equal, if not superior, to any to be had elsewhere in the Province. Having appointed ANDREW GRAY, Esq. (Victoria Machinery Depot) as their Agent in Victoria, with full power and authority to quote prices, receive orders and enter into contracts in their name. All parties desirous of further information are respectfully requested to apply to him on the subject.

nov20-6m R. P. COOKE, President.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

FISHERY NOTICE, 1889

WE BEG TO NOTE THAT OUR SEINE and Trap Twines are all made like a laid-up-rope, hard for long service and easy hauling; and NOT OF THE SOFT FLABBY KIND OF TWINE.

GLOUCESTER NET & TWINE CO.
Boston Office, 94 Commercial Street.
d2w-tts-1mw

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer
Langley Street, Victoria.
oc4 1y

P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.,

Seedsmen, Nurserymen and Florists,

Are selling GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS at the following unprecedentedly low prices for Cash, and in quantities of 10 lbs. and upwards:

Red Clover	@ 15c. per lb.
Alsike	25 "
Alfalfa	15 "
Perennial Rye Grass	14 "
Italian	" "
Orchard or Cocksfoot Grass	15 "
Red Top	14 "
Kentucky Blue	14 "
Mesquite	18 "

All other Seeds, also Nursery stock of all descriptions, at correspondingly low rates.

For further particulars see our priced Catalogues, which will be forwarded post free, on application.

SEED STORE, No. 28 Fort Street. NURSERY, Cadboro Bay Road.
sep30d&w-6mo

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

TIN, IRON AND FELT ROOFERS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Galvanized Iron Cornices. Globe Chimney Caps for Sale.

Fort Street, Victoria, and Vancouver, B.C.
se21-1y

JOHN DOHERTY,

GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards and Cesspools Cleaned, Wells Dug and Cleaned. Contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Mr. G. Doughty, corner Blanchard & Fort streets, Bossi & Giesselman Yates street, or J. Finlayson's, Government st. will be promptly attended to. apr26-1y

DE COSMOS BLOCK.

This is no Barber's featureless figure-head for an old fop's greasy corkscrew, but

WING BROTHERS'

Shoe Factory.

They keep no high salaried Counter Jumpers.
They pay wages to working men only.
They Mend Shoes or Make them to Order.

No commission or intermediate profits are paid by them.

They are the makers of the goods they sell.

This is the only house in the city where the consumer meets the producer.

Grace and comfort are to be had from them at lowest prices.
nov21-6mo

MEDICAL.

HAGYARD'S

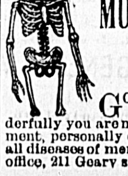
"YELLOW OIL"

CURES RHEUMATISM.

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

DR. JORDAN'S



MUSEUM OF ANATOMY

751 MARKET STREET,
San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. ☞ Send for Book. Private office, 211 Geary street. mb&d wtf

NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT APplication will be made to the Legislature of British Columbia, at its next sitting, for a Private Bill to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, equipping and maintaining a Railway from a convenient point on the eastern boundary of the Province to the northern terminus of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway on Vancouver Island *via* Yellowhead Pass, Cariboo and Bute Inlet; with power to construct and maintain branch lines, to construct and operate telegraph and telephone lines, to build and operate steam and other vessels, and generally to do all things conducive or incidental to the attainment of the above purposes or any of them; and for a grant of land in aid of the proposed enterprise.

CHARLES WILSON,
dec22 Solicitor for the Applicants.

NOTICE.—Sixty days after date I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land in the Coast District, described as follows: From a stake marked E, on the south-east corner of the property occupied by the Inverness Cannery, thence north forty chains, thence east eighty chains, thence south forty chains, thence west eight chains to the place of commencement.

J. A. CARTHEW.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 19, 1888. nov20

NOTICE.—Sixty days after date I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land, described as follows: Commencing at a post planted on the shore of Telegraph Passage, about one and a half miles north of Moore's Cove, thence east forty chains, thence south eighty chains, thence west forty chains more or less to Telegraph Passage, thence following the shore line in a northerly direction to the point of commencement.

J. A. CARTHEW.
Victoria, Nov. 19, 1888. nov20

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase a tract of land situate at the mouth of Woodbury Creek, on west shore of Kootenay Lake, B. C., described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stake about 200 yards north of mouth of Woodbury Creek and at high water mark of Kootenay Lake, and runs thence 40 chains west, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to starting point, containing 160 acres.

FRANK L. FITCH.
Kootenay Lake, Oct. 29, 1888. nov21

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the undermentioned tracts of land, situate in Rupert District, and described as follows:—

Block No. 1.—Commencing at a point one mile due south of the S. E. corner of Section 14; thence S. 80 chains; thence W. 80 chains; thence N. 80 chains; thence E. 80 chains to the point of commencement; containing 640 acres.

Block No. 2.—Commencing at the N. W. corner of Block No. 1; thenc S. 80 chains: thence W. 80 chains; thence N. 80 chains; thence E. 80 chains to the point of commencement; containing 640 acres.

JOSHUA DAVIES.
Victoria, November 27th, 1888. dec1-2mo

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

BETWEEN
JOHN CAMERON, Plaintiff.
AND
THADDEUS HARPER, Defendant.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AN Order has been made in the above entitled action, by the Hon. Sir Matthew B. Begbie, C. J., appointing James C. Prevost and Henry S. Mason to be Receivers of all the Estate and Effects of the above named defendant, to take possession of the real estate and receive and collect the personal estate, and to manage and conduct his business, and to restrain the defendant and all other persons from interfering with them as such Receivers.

JAMES C. PREVOST.
HENRY S. MASON.
Dated, Victoria, Dec. 20, 1888. dec21

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co.

(LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Shareholders of the above named Company will be held at the Company's office, 48 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, 4th February, 1889, at 11:30 o'clock, a. m., to receive the Report of the Board, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may there and then be submitted.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st January to 4th February, inclusive.

Victoria, 7th January, 1889.
GEO. A. SARGISON,
jan8 Secretary.

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co, L'd.

ASSESSMENT No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AN Assessment of one cent. per share has been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office in Victoria, B. C., on or before the 11th day of February, 1889, from and after which date all shares and certificates on which said call shall then remain unpaid, shall be deemed delinquent, subject to interest and costs, and will be dealt with according to law.

Victoria, 9th January, 1889.
By order of the Board,
GEO. A. SARGISON,
jan10-dw Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE business which has for some time past been carried on at the Victoria Electric Soap Works, at No. 116 Yates street, by McDonald & Co., as Soap Manufacturers, has this day been sold and disposed of to Richard Cruickshank, who will in future carry on the said business under his own name.

The said Richard Cruickshank will collect all the outstanding accounts of the late firm, and we will pay all the debts owing by us upon presentation of same.

Dated at Victoria, this 16th January, 1889.
Witness: McDONALD & CO.
THORNTON FELL. jan18-2t

NOTICE OF PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT APplication will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next sitting, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and operating a line of STREET RAILWAY in the Districts of Esquimalt, Victoria and Lake, connecting with the Street Railway system of the City of Victoria, on the following routes: Victoria to Cadboro and Oak Bays; Victoria to Esquimalt Town; Victoria to the Royal Oak Hotel in Lake District; Victoria to Craigflower Bridge; Victoria to the Gorge, and from thence by the Craigflower Road back to Victoria; and to such other point or points as may be deemed advisable. The said Street Railway line to run along the usual highways to the foregoing points.

Victoria, EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Dec. 18, 1888. Agents for the Applicants.

NOTICE.

MR. J. R. FELKER INSTRUCTS ME TO request that all claims against him may be at once sent in, and all debts due to him paid to me forthwith.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Barrister-at-Law.
Victoria, 15th January, 1889. jan17-w-4t

NOTICE.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next Session for an Act conferring additional powers for the construction and protection of its Telegraph Lines.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.
Montreal, Nov. 30, 1888. dec8

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN APPLICAtion will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for a Private Bill to incorporate a Company for the purpose of acquiring lands in the Province, the manufacture and exportation of lumber and articles made of wood, and for general trading, with all necessary powers.

Dated the 12th day of January, 1889.
CHARLES WILSON,
jan13-6w Solicitor for the Applicants.

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lot No. 1, Group 1, Cowgitz Cove, Skidegate Straits, Queen Charlotte Island.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to the abovementioned Lot will be issued to Alfred John Langley and William Parsons Sayward, on the 26th day of April, 1889, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd January, 1889. Jan23-3mo

HIS MOTHER.

She thought about him days and nights—
Her only son—her sleep oft losing;
She viewed him in so many lights
The mingled beams became confusing.
His budding powers each hour enhanced
The fears her heart forever paining,
Lest on mistaken lines advanced
His mental and his moral training.

With prescience of his growing need,
She pored o'er every scheme presented,
And tried, in teaching him to read,
Seven several systems late invented.
Each game he learned was but a vail
For information's introduction;
Each seeming-simple fairy-tale
She barbed with ethical instruction.

And oft she said, her dear brown eyes
With tender terror wide expanded;
"Oh, I must strive to grow more wise!
Think, think, what care is here demanded!
How'dreadful, should my teaching's flaws,
My unguessed errors subtly harm him,
Or Fortune's arrows wound because
His mother failed in proof to arm him!"

And yet, when that young boy—whose look
Was like some fair boy-prince as painted
By rare Vandyke—his soul a book
By blot of falsehood quite untainted,
Inquired: "Mamma, what's veal?" with mild,
Untroubled smile, in accents clearest,
She told that little, trusting child:
"The woolly, baby sheep, my dearest!"
—*Helen Gray Cone, in Century.*

AMONG THE GLACIERS.

Grand and Remarkable Traces of Nature's Powerful Enginery.

At the American Institute of Instruction at Newport, R. I., a lecture was given by Hon. James W. Patterson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction of New Hampshire, upon "A Trip Among the Glaciers." Mr. Patterson said:

If we go forth into our fields and pastures, he began, we see rocks and bowlders scattered premiscuously and in countless numbers, which have been transported from their original beds by some giant force which dominated the world in a primitive age, but unknown since the historic period. If in our northern latitudes we lay bare the flanks of the mountains we find the underlying ledges all ground and polished by some powerful enginery of nature, which has passed down their naked sides, plowing at intervals parallel furrows in their tough and unyielding surface. Everywhere over our northern hemisphere the Titanic workers of the olden time have dumped their weighty burdens of drift above the stratified deposits of a yet earlier period, and the heterogenous masses of mingled dirt, gravel and bowlders found among our mountains and stretching east and west along our temperate zone all point to a time when glaciers, like those of Greenland, moved over our continent and sent their mighty bergs into the sea. But whence came this power and whither has it gone? is the question which naturally comes to every lip. There are abundant reasons to believe that this glacial force is periodic, like so many other of the operations of nature.

Several theories have been propounded at different times to account for the periodicity of glacial action. That of Croll, which accounts for the varying mean temperature of the earth by the revolutions of the seasons around the earth's orbit and the changing eccentricity of the orbit itself, seems to be the most rational. Winter at aphelion must be longer and colder than winter at perihelion, and the variation must increase with the increase of the eccentricity of the orbit, and with the increase of the inclination of the axis of the earth to the plane of its orbit.

Our modern glaciers are produced like the ancient, by a low temperature acting upon the moisture of the atmosphere.

The day after reaching the valley three of us Americans determined to make the ascent of Mont Blanc. Having secured five Swiss guides we were accoutered, according to directions, with heavy shoes having sharp spikes in the soles and heels, and with buskins around our lower limbs. Each man was armed with a long alpenstock having a strong steel spike in one end. The guides took with them an alpen axe and a coil of strong rope, with leathern belts attached at intervals of about eight feet apart. Thus prepared we started on our trip up the glacier.

For a time the ascent was easy and we had little trouble. But after advancing some distance we began to encounter long cracks or fissures in the ice, which we were obliged to leap.

As we advanced the openings or crevasses became wider and more hazardous to pass. At length we came to one five feet wide and descending to an unknown depth. Our leader stopped and buckled one of the heavy belts about his waist and passed the next to me. I fastened this about myself and handed the third to the second guide, and he to the next till we were all harnessed or roped together. Thus prepared the foremost guide placed himself upon the edge of the crevasse, and giving a spring went over. We followed him in order till all were over. One of our number, a short, heavy man, failed of a secure landing on the upper side, but the rope was strong and we hauled him up hand over hand. We continued to repeat this operation till at length we struck a crevasse some twenty feet wide. Here we found a ladder with heavy spikes in the lower end, which one of the guides drove into the ice below the surface and then dropping it onto the other side let himself down the ladder and ascended to the ice above. We all followed suit and were safely landed on the other side. So we continued to advance till we reached the Grand Mulets about four o'clock in the afternoon. Here, more than ten thousand feet above the sea, we spent the night, intending to complete the ascent the following morning. But a thunder-storm which followed us up the mountain covered the glacier with a veneering of glare ice which rendered further advance extremely dangerous, so that the guides refused to lead us up to the summit. Reluctantly we turned back and crept cautiously down the mountain of fissured ice. At one point we reached a crevasse of five feet with a narrow tongue of ice beyond and a second opening beyond that. This was a perilous spot, and we watched our leader with intense anxiety. Moving up to the edge cautiously he cut a place for his foot with his alpen axe and then, putting himself in a position, gave a spring, and falling flat upon the ice arrested his progress and awaited our coming one by one in the same manner. On reaching our hotel we found the nervous strain had been a severe one, but were ready the next morning for the Mer de Glace. We went on foot and without guides to the Montouvert, and thence descended to the glacier, which we crossed and recrossed and studied with great care.

The origin of glaciers is easily understood, but it is difficult to account satisfactorily for some of their phenomena. On the south side of the Alps we find the snow line about eight thousand feet above the sea. All moisture above the line, it is evident, must be condensed and reach the mountain surface as crystalized or granulated snow or as hail. When the steep sides of these lofty heights become overloaded with snow, it pushes down of its own weight, and sometimes descends three thousand feet below the frost line into the deep valleys below. The depth of the snow and ice will be measured by the depth of the valley, and may be from one hundred to fifteen hundred feet. The glacier terminates where the melting power of the heat below is balanced by the supply of snow and ice from the realm of cold above, and, of course, this glacial river will alternately advance and recede with the periodic changes of the mean temperature. What has already been said assumes that the glacier is in motion. The evidence of this is the observed steady movement of objects lying on the surface of the glacier. But objects near the center are seen to advance more rapidly than those near its sides, which are retarded by friction with its banks. Hence, we infer that the movement is not in mass, but molecular.

Various theories have been started to account for this motion. It has been said that the weight of the snow above and behind the glacier pushed it down the inclined plane on which it rests. Undoubtedly a force of this kind must exist, but if that were all, it would advance as a solid block, which is not the fact.

Again, it has been contended that rains and melting snows percolating through the substance of the glacier, and then freezing, pushed it forward by the force of their expansion. But the glacier moves in winter when ice does not melt and in summer when it does not freeze.

Another has affirmed that ice, though brittle and seemingly unyielding, is plastic and gelatinous, and moves under pressure like asphaltum.

Tyndall and Huxley rest a later theory upon an extended series of experiments and observations. Ice crushed into a granulated state if submitted to great pressure will readily take any desired form and return to a solid and transparent condition. So the glacier, pressed by its own incalculable weight against an unyielding surface, is ground up and made to assume the structure of its channel, and to move forward like a vicious substance, and the very force which grinds it up restores it again to its transparent state.

We found the consistency of the Mer de Glace changed continually from the Seracs to the Chapeau. The snow at the source gradually took on a granulated form, which the French call neve, and as it advanced downward to where it alternately melted and froze it was transformed into blue transparent ice.

Whenever the glacier leaps suddenly downward in its track, it is broken up by its own weight. The lateral crevices are caused by the strain put upon the ice by the unequal movement of the sides and the center of the glacier, and as the cracks open at right angles to the line of greatest tension they generally curve upward, the convexity being up the stream. During the heat of the summer it is a common thing to see one or more brooks coursing along the surface of the glacier and dropping into fissures, which they melt into the form of deep wells. This water passes down to the bottom of the glacier, and, mingling with the rock which has been ground up by the friction between the ice and its bed, issues at the lower end in a turbid stream, which being drunk by the people produces the strong tendency to the goiter so common in some of the cantons.

Moraines are produced by the falling of dirt and stones from the cliffs upon the sides of the glacier. These are called lateral moraines, but where two glaciers unite to form a third, as in the case of the Mer de Glace, two lateral moraines combine and form a large medial moraine. This material is all borne on together as the glacier advances, and is dropped off at the lower end forming the terminal moraine. These moraines scattered over new England are the evidences of former glacial action in this part of the country.

Sometimes a large, flat bowlder falling upon the ice prevents it melting beneath, and we have the phenomenon of an ice pillar.

HOW WOMEN WED.

No Romance Whatever Nowadays in Finding a Husband.

A man asked me the other day how women find husbands, writes "Bab" in the New York *Star*. It was such a puzzling question to me that I constituted myself a committee of one and went around among a lot of married women to see how their husbands proposed to them.

There wasn't one who had ever had an absolute romantic avowal of love! There wasn't one whose husband had gotten down on his knees, caught the loved one's hand and besought of her, unless she wished to see him stark and cold with a broken heart, that she would wed him! There wasn't one who had ever known the rapture of being held, with a pistol pointed at her head, while the brave lover pronounced that, unless she accepted him, he would kill her and then himself! There wasn't one who had been gained even at the dagger's point, and not a single wife had been drugged and wedded while in a semi-conscious state!

Dorothy, I confess to a certain amount of disappointment. The nearest I could get as to how the question of marriage had been reached was always that they drifted into it.

This is deliciously vague, but it seems to mean that they knew the man, that he had the privilege of holding their hands and criticising their frocks for some time, and that then, when there was no special excitement in Wall street, a Presidential election wasn't going on, nor any thing else that was distracting, they suggested that it was about time for them to get married.

This is the general experience. And I think it a sin and a shame. Few women have more than one opportunity to marry, and that ought to be accompanied by all the frills and frivolities that the best novel writer ever dreamed of. The Howells and James business in the way of classic love making may be most desirable for nervous people; it may calm and soothe them, but when champagne or love are offered it wants to be sparkling, and it wants to taste as if such nectar had never been offered before.

The cigarette-imbued, white-skinned, colorless-eyed, smooth-faced young man that is so prevalent just now will never offer anybody any thing but the flattest cider for champagne, and when it comes to this, I say, give me ice water and platonic.

Bone-Cutting by Electricity.

Removal of sections of bone in surgical operations has heretofore been a long, tedious process, effected with a mallet, chisel, gouges, etc. It is, perhaps, the most brutal and unscientific method which could be adopted, and sounds like the operative butchery which existed in the last century. This has all been reformed by an invention called the electric osteotome, says the London *Electrical Engineer*, which is an instrument holding a circular saw at its extremity, revolved with lightning speed by an electric motor. This, when held against a bone, makes a clean cut through it in a few seconds; in fact, its action is instantaneous. By holding the osteotome in a slanting position, wedge-shaped pieces can be cut out with equal promptitude. There is no danger of the saw cutting the soft parts, as they are protected by a retractor, an instrument which is passed down and under the bone.

Farm Land in England.

Two-thirds of the land in England and Wales is held by 10,207 owners, and sixteen of this number own 1,103,028 acres.

PATON'S Alloa yarn, at the WESTSIDE. *

DOES IT PAY?

Three-fourths of our people are troubled with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint in some form or other, which by nature of the disease has a depressing influence on the mind or body, preventing them from thinking or acting clearly in any matter of importance. Indigestion, coming up of food after eating, dyspepsia, sick headache, acidity of the stomach or any derangement of the stomach or liver (upon which the whole action of our system depends) are speedily and effectually overcome by the use of *Green's August Flower*. The most stubborn cases have yielded to its influence, as thousands of letters received will testify. The immense sale of this medicine is another guarantee of its merits (over a million and a half bottles sold last year). So we ask, will it pay you to suffer from any of the above diseases when you can have immediate relief in the *August Flower*. Three doses will prove its worth. It is sold by all druggists and general dealers in all parts of the world.

Greatly Excited.

People are apt to get greatly excited in case of sudden accident and injury. It is well to be prepared in such emergencies. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is the handiest remedy known for burns, scalds, bruises, lameness, pain and all wounds of the flesh. It is used internally and externally. *tts

B. B. B. Stood the Test.

"I tried every known remedy I could think of for rheumatism, without giving me any relief, until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, which remedy I can highly recommend to all afflicted as I was." Henry Smith, Milvelton, Ont. *tts

WHEN you go to Vancouver, take your meals at Harry Frick's, C. P. R. Restaurant, 428 Cordova street, formerly with Windsor Hotel, Montreal; Monaghela House, Pittsburgh, Pa., and C. P. R. dining car service. *1m

SOME of the finest Pianos and Organs ever imported into the city are on sale at Waitt's Music Store. *

ENERGY VERSUS LUCK.

The Ignorant Superstition Which Prevails in Regard to the Latter.

"Give a man luck and throw him into the sea," is, perhaps, one of the oldest sayings extant all over the world, for we find its equivalent in every language spoken. It is a pity we are not all gifted with this fortunate grace; if we were we need never trouble at any time. But it happens, however, says the London *Standard*, that the so-called lucky ones are very few and very far between; and yet, to note the observations of every-day life, one would imagine that the contrary were the case—that is to say, if we may judge from the fact that everybody asserts that every body else is lucky except himself. "I never knew such luck as that man has," says Jones of Brown, and Brown of Jones remarks that "Jones has the very devil's own luck—every thing he does turns out well!" and still they may be both in the same boat struggling against impending adversity, or calmly gliding along the stream of comparative prosperity.

It is merely the outcome of an unfathomable discontent that pervades all, or nearly all human creatures—that semi-jealous feeling of each other's neighbor that finds lodging in every breast. Now, risking the wrath of the superstitious and the believers in omens and odd numbers, we firmly maintain that there is no such thing as luck at all. Perseverance and circumstance are the secret of all success, and, as nothing succeeds like success, luck is the natural sequence of perseverance. It is mainly the kickers and lazy people who perpetually rave about lack of luck, forgetting that, if there be any virtue in this tantalizing talisman, it is very like the philosopher's stone, and requires a considerable amount of delving and diving to secure.

Shakespeare gives evidence that he was not free from this peculiar failing. In the "Merry Wives of Windsor" he makes that genial and obese old rogue "Falstaff" say to "Dame Quickly," "Good luck lies in odd numbers. They say there is a divinity in odd numbers—either in nativity, chance or death!" This idea is, of course, founded on the Pythagorean system, "All nature is a harmony; man is a full chord, and all beyond is Deity, so that nine represents Deity." And thus A major chord consists of a fundamental or tonic, its major third and its just fifth. Seven notes complete the octave, and nine is Deity. The odd numbers being the primary notes of nature, it is easy to see how they came to be considered the great or lucky numbers, but then the luck belongs exclusively to the numbers and not to the application thereof, as is the popular impression.

But to enter into or properly explain the positions and qualities of odd numbers would paralyze the great Euclid himself. So, to return to our luck. If there be such an uncanny thing, how is it that never since the creation has one man ever been known to credit his success in life to luck? His downfall, yes, to bad luck; his rise and progress to luck, good, bad or indifferent? Never. If any one had the temerity to suggest such a thing the notion would be scouted as not only preposterous but impious. The answer would be something like this: "My success, sir, which you vulgarly attribute to luck, has been achieved by sheer hard work and determination; and what I have earned I deserve." And in most cases it would be right.

Certainly there are at times fortuitous circumstances that make a man successful, whether he will or not, but then such is not luck, it is pure accident. And as we are all liable to meet with disagreeable accidents, so are we all likely to meet with agreeable ones. Only we never own it, supposing we think so. We go on declaring that "it is better to be born lucky than rich," and yet we are quite incapable of explaining what we exactly mean. In the commercial sense—and it is only in the commercial sense that we think upon the subject—if we are rich, we don't want luck, and if we are lucky we are rich. Lord Beaconsfield says in "Venetia:" "Luck, is he who has neither creditors nor offspring, and who owes neither money nor affection—after all the most difficult to pay of the two." This is so cynically true that not a soul believes it.

Faith in the charm of the horse-shoe is held sacred to this day, in town and country, by ignorant persons; but we do not imagine that they nail it up over the door as a protection against witches, as was once the custom. It is supposed to rather bring good luck than to avert any evil. Many otherwise sane individuals will stoop to pick up a shoe in the street, and others would rather deliver up all their goods and chattels than walk under a ladder. There is more common sense in this latter idiosyncracy than may appear at first sight. One does not run so great a risk of receiving a paint-pot or a brick, that may be on the journey from the roof to the pavement, outside the range of the ladder as immediately under it. This is about the only superstition that is worth preserving.

Generally speaking, logical people discard the conceit of any thing coming to pass through mere "luck," though numbers on the surface profess unshakable belief therein. As a rule, those who complain about their bad luck are those who complain about any thing—those who expect fortunes to drop into their laps without any exertion on their part to obtain them. People are frequently heard to lament they are down on their luck, and then they absolutely do sit down on their luck and stay there. Most things come to the man who works, but very few to the man who calmly sits down and waits. Nothing upsets superstition as much as common sense. There is no such quality as luck, except it be in a very unknown quantity. People have had luck when they can not take the rough with the smooth; when they wear out the smooth and forget that it ever existed. Good luck means good intentions well carried out; and, after all, the only lucky man in the world is he who is lucky enough to get what he deserves.

Flash-Light Photography.

A Connecticut Yankee suggests the use of flash-light photography as a means of protecting bank vaults from burglars. He says: "I would have a camera placed in a position where it would command in the field of the lens a space of ten feet square or more in front of the door of the vault and have the other apparatus so arranged that as soon as tampering with the vault door was attempted the whole would be placed in operation. My plan would, of course, include retaining the burglar alarm connecting with police headquarters. As soon as the burglars had begun operations the police would be alarmed, and at the same instant a picture of the men would be made by the camera and flash-light combined, so that even if the man escaped the police they would leave behind them evidence which would very probably eventually result in their detection."

Knowledge and Pleasure.

Pleasure is a shadow, but knowledge is ecstatic in enjoyment, perennial in fame, unlimited in space, and infinite in duration. In the performance of its great offices it fears no danger, spares no expense, looks into the volcano, dives into the ocean, perforates the earth, wings its flight into the skies, enriches the globe, explores sea and land, contemplates the distant, examines the minute, comprehends the great, ascends to the sublime—no place too remote for its grasp, no sphere too exalted for its reach.

GEO. A. SARGISON,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant and Agent,
48 LANGLEY STREET.
ap27

Edwards' Dessicated Soup.

Consists of extract of BEEF and choice VEGETABLES in a dry state; quickly and easily made ready for the table; agreeable to the palate;

NUTRITIOUS, ECONOMICAL,

And is, in its proportions of flesh-formers, heat-formers, and mineral salts, a most perfect diet! It is invaluable for use on board ships and steamers, in logging camps, to camping out parties, and wherever a nutritious, wholesome soup is desired.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS,
In tins—1lb, ½lb, and ¼lb.
Wholesale Dealers: THE HUDSON'S BAY CO. and THOS. EARLE. oc18-eod-6mo

NOTICES.

[L.S.] HUGH NELSON.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, etc., etc., etc.

To Our faithful the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of British Columbia, and summoned and called to a meeting of the Legislature or Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, on Thursday, the Twenty-first day of February, 1889, to have been commenced and held, and every of you, GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

ALEX. E. B. DAVIE, *Attorney-General.* } WHEREAS the meeting of the Legislature or Parliament of the Province of British Columbia stands called for Thursday, the Twenty-first day of February, 1889, at which time, at Our City of Victoria, you were held and constrained to appear.

NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our loving subjects, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council of the Province of British Columbia, to hereby convoke, and by these presents enjoin you, and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTY-FIRST day of the month of JANUARY, 1889, you meet Us in Out said Legislature of Parliament of Our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, FOR THE DISPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act and conclude upon these things which in Our Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, by the Common Council of Our said Province may, by the favor of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, the Honourable HUGH NELSON, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Oursaid Province, this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, and in the fifty-second year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Private Bills.

NOTICE.

The time limited for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will expire on Thursday, the 21st day of February next.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk Legislative Assembly.

Dated VICTORIA,
10th January, 1889. jan12

TAX NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Assessed and Provincial Revenue Taxes for the year 1889 for and in the Electoral Districts of Victoria City, Victoria and Esquimalt, together with the Coast Districts and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Railway, exclusive of other lands owned by the Company in British Columbia, are now due and payable at my office, Government Buildings, James Bay, at the following rates:—

Real Property Tax, if paid on or before the 30th of June next, ½ of one per cent.; if paid on or after the 1st of July next, ⅗ of one per cent.

Personal Property Tax, if paid on or before the 30th of June next, ½ of one per cent.; if paid on or after the 1st of July next, ½ of one per cent.

Income Tax, if paid on or before the 30th of June next, ½ of one per cent.; if paid on or after the 1st of July next, ⅗ of one per cent.

Wild Land Tax, if paid on or before the 30th of June next, 7½ cents per acre; if paid on or after the 1st of July next, 8½ cents per acre.

Provincial Revenue Tax, $3 per capita.

Parties liable for such Taxes are requested to note the above and govern themselves accordingly.

C. BOOTH,
Assessor and Collector.

January, 1889. jan13-2w

"JURORS' ACT, 1883,"

AND AMENDING ACTS.

To the Selectors of Jurors for Victoria District:

YOU ARE HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO hold on the 7th day of January, A.D. 1889, a Special Sittings at the Court House, James Bay, City of Victoria, for the purpose of preparing, selecting, and having made up, the Jurors' Books, Rolls, and Lists, for Victoria District, for the year 1889. and for so doing let this be your warrant.

Given under my hand and seal, at the City of Victoria, B. C., this 20th day of December, A. D. 1888.

HUGH NELSON,
dec21-1w Lieutenant-Governor.

JAY & CO.,

AT THEIR STORE IN

A. & W. Wilson's New Buildings,

BROAD STREET,

Have a large stock of Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds, and beg to call attention to the undermentioned reduced prices of

GRASS AND CLOVER SEED,

which are offered for Cash only, and in quantities of 10 lbs. and upwards, as follows:—

Perennial Rye Grass,	@ 14	cents per lb.
Italian	18	" "
Cocksfoot or Orchard Grass,	15	" "
Red Top	14	" "
Kentucky Blue	14	" "
Mesquite	18	" "
Alfalfa	15	" "
White Clover	25	" "
Red Clover	15	" "
Alseke	25	" "
Timothy	9	" "

The above prices are quotations for the present, but are liable to vary according to the market.

Catalogues of Seeds, also of Fruit Trees and other Nursery stock, from their Nurseries in Cook street, will be forwarded on application.
jan15-3m

SCHOONERS!

For Sale or Charter.

Apply to J. D. WARREN,
dec20-1mo 38 Government St.

CITY BALANCE SHEET.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1888.

ASSETS.

Municipal Taxes Outstanding:—		
Real Estate	$21,124 63	
Trade Licenses	2,005 00	
Retail Liquor Licenses	220 00	
Water Rents	6,035 03	
Fire Insurance Tax	2,925 00	
		$32,309 66
Water Works, Sinking Fund:		
$100,000 Loan		33,370 00
do 50,000 do		23,286 00
do 20,000 do		4,532 00
do 75,000 do		3,212 00
Electric Light Debentures Sinking Fund		1,849 45
Drainage Debentures Sinking Fund		576 55
Streets do do do		904 30
Corporation do do do		7,545 38
Street Repairs, 2,000 Yards Rock		3,000 00
Johnson Street Sewer Account		410 50
Maps of City		50 00
Electric Light Plant		20,000 00
Corporation Horse, Cart, Etc		500 00
Spring Ridge Property		3,164 55
Pound Property		1,600 00
Street Gas Lamps		100 00
Drainage Account		4,449 75
City Hall Building and Lots 1,249 and 1,250		40,000 00
Steam Engine		1,000 00
Electric Light Building		3,500 00
Office Furniture		1,500 00
Water Works Extension Account		54,843 64
Bank of B. N. A. Water Works Acct		10,179 53
Road Roller and Rock Crusher		5,000 00
Library		450 00
Bank of B.N.A. Johnson Street Sewer Account		20,589 50
Fire Department Plant		26,000 00
Steam Drills		1,000 00
Street Sprinkler		150 00
Street Scraper		250 00
Bank of British Columbia (Special Deposit for Water Works)		10,000 00
Thomas Storey		113 75
Thomas Russell		5,413 16
Joseph Gosnell		520 95
Cash on hand		1,136 44
		$331,507 11

LIABILITIES.

Corporation Summary		$79,751 44
Bank B. N. A.		33,691 07
Corporation Debentures		20,000 00
Drainage do		5,000 00
Electric Light do		16,000 00
Streets do		50,000 00
Water Works Extension Debentures		75,000 00
do 1888 Loan do		20,000 00
Johnson Street Sewer do		30,000 00
Drake, Jackson & Helmcken		75 00
Eberts & Taylor:—		
Retainer	500 00	
Cash Disbursed	539 25	
Legal Fees	950 35	
		1,989 60
		$331,507 11

Victoria, B. C., January 14th, 1889.
Certified Correct:
JAMES L. RAYMUR,
Auditor.

GEO. BERRIDGE, Accountant.

Cash Statement for the Year ending 31st December, 1888.

RECEIPTS.

Balance, 1st January, 1888	$ 433 67
Water Works, Rents (general account)	37,763 93
Fire Insurance, Tax	6,225 00
Fire Department, sale of horse, etc	62 50
City Pound, Fees	386 25
Surveying Street Lines	40 00
Real Estate Tax	55,989 02
Trades Licenses	17,733 75
Retail Liquor Licenses	14,310 00
Wholesale do	1,025 00
Road Tax	2,008 00
Drivers' Licenses	43 00
Dog Tax	98 00
House Moving	40 00
Corporate Seal	20 75
Police Court, Fines and Fees	5,476 00
Cemetery, Fees	2,142 00
Johnson Street Sewer Loan	30,337 50
Water Works Loan 1888	20,225 90
Bank B. C., from Special Deposit W. W. Loan	30,713 66
Weighing Machine Fees	328 75
Bank B. N. A., Increase of balance	26,485 32
	$257,887 10

EXPENDITURES.

Water Works, General Account	$16,499 35
Water Works, Loan 1888	20,000 00
Water Works Debentures:	
Sinking Fund, $100,000 Loan	2,360 00
do 50,000 do	1,750 00
do 20,000 do	412 00
do 75,000 do	1,577 00
Electric Light Debentures, Sinking F'd	596 00
Drainage Debentures, Sinking Fund	186 00
Street Debentures Sinking Fund,	444 00
Corporation Debentures, Sinking Fund	619 65
Fire Department	14,363 81
Street Repairs	44,772 83
City Police	16,850 00
City Pound	917 12
Charges, including Salaries, Printing, Special Audit, etc., etc	12,193 58
Surveying Expenses	1,971 68
Board of Health, including smallpox Expenses	4,478 93
Street Lighting	8,984 64
Sidewalks	7,769 55
Johnson Street Sewer	410 50
Legal Expenses	784 26
Commission on Collections	487 20
Donations	876 68
Water Works, Interest $100,000 Loan	6,555 00
do do 50,000 do	3,605 00
do do 20,000 do	1,740 00
do do 75,000 do	3,750 00
Electric Light Debentures, Interest	960 00
Drainage Debentures, Interest	300 00
Street Debentures, Interest	2,500 00
Corporation Debentures, Interest	1,697 50
Beacon Hill Park	1,770 86
General Interest	1,538 67
Police Court, Fines paid over to Government	1,250 00
Cemetery	1,372 74
Electric Light Plant	1,392 28
City Hall	783 44
Office Furniture	67 00
Library	450 00
Water Works Extension Account—16-inch Main	28,477 15
Bank B. N. A.—Johnson Street Sewer Account	29,589 50
Bank B.N.A.—Water Works Account, Increase of Balance	8,259 68
Thomas Russell—Short in Cash	1,387 03
Cash on hand	1,136 44
	$257,887 10

Victoria, B. C., 14th January, 1889.
Certified Correct:
JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Auditor.

GEO. BERRIDGE,
Accountant.

Statement of Actual Cash Assets and Liabilities, 31st Dec., 1888.

ASSETS.

Municipal Taxes outstanding	$32,309 66
Thomas Russell's guarantee bond	2,000 00
Joseph Gosnell's account	520 95
Thomas Storey's account	113 75
Cash Balance	1,136 44
Surplus Cash in hands of Treasurer	143 31
	$36,224 11

LIABILITIES.

Bank of B. N. A	$33,691 07
Eberts and Taylor	1,989 60
Drake, Jackson & Helmcken	75 00
Sundry small Accounts Unpaid	219 88
Balance	248 56
	$36,224 11

Victoria, B. C., January 14th, 1889.
Certified Correct:
JAMES L. RAYMUR,
Auditor.

GEO. BERRIDGE,
Accountant.

Victoria Water Works.---Interest and Sinking Fund Account, December 31st, 1888:

RECEIPTS.

Balance at Credit of account Jan. 1st	$ 61,575 70
Cash received from the Corporation of Victoria, from January 1st to December 31st, 1888, to pay interest on all Loans	15,650 00
Do do Sinking Fund	6,009 00
Interest allowed by Bank B. N. A. on amounts at credit of Sinking Fund	1,861 88
	$ 85,189 58

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Interest on Coupons	$ 15,650 00
Balance	69,539 58
	$ 85,189 58

Victoria, B. C., January 14th, 1889.
Certified Correct,
JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Auditor,

GEO BERRIDGE,
Accountant.

Victoria Water Works.---Cash Statement---January 1st to December 31st, 1888:

RECEIPTS.

Water Rents	$ 36,739 41
Services Collected	1,024 52
	$37,763 93

DISBURSEMENTS.

Charges, including Salaries, Printing, etc	$ 4,901 59
Extensions	9,157 25
Maintenance and Service Pipes	2,440 50
Corporation of Victoria	21,261 58
	$37,763 93

VICTORIA, B. C., January 14th, 1889.
Certified Correct,
JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Auditor.

GEO. BERRIDGE,
Accountant.

Victoria Water Works.---Balance Sheet, December 31st, 1888:

ASSETS.

Bank of B. N. A. Sinking Fund Acct	$ 69,539 58
Corporation of Victoria	157,916 89
Construction Account	261,316 44
Bank of B. C., Special Deposit	10,000 00
Bank of B. N. A., General Acct	10,179 53
Water Works Reservoir Acct	54,820 47
	$563,772 91

LIABILITIES.

Interest and Sinking Fund	$ 69,539 58
Debenture Account	257,500 00
Revenue Account	229,233 33
Redeemed Debentures	7,500 0
	$563,772 91

Victoria, B. C., January 14th, 1889.
Certified Correct:
JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Auditor.

GEO. BERRIDGE,
Accountant.

jan15

MISCELLANEOUS.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

Dempster, Beek & Co.

Have leased the new Brick Factory,

CORNER BROUGHTON & GORDON STREETS,

And are now prepared to undertake

Carriage and Wagon Building

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

As well as

Repairing, Painting, Trimming, and General Blacksmithing.

jan4-1mo

MRS. W. X. SELLECK

SOLICITS the patronage of the public, having taken the LODGING AND BOARDING HOUSE formerly occupied by Mr. W. M. Tiernay, 126 Johnson street, next door to Bunster's Brewery. Prices at a very moderate ratio. jan6

INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

—LONDON—

Established 1803.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, - £1,200,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL, - - £300,000.
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS, OVER £1,600,000.

The undersignd grant Policies on buildings and their contents, at current rates.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
my26 Agents.

Garesche, Green & Co.

BANKERS,

Government St., Victoria, B. C

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY
Purchased at Highest Market Rates.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on all the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

jy9 1y

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 9,

To take effect at 8.20 a.m. on Saturday, Dec'ber 1st, 1888. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 5. Passenger Saturdays only.
De 8.20 A.M	De 2.12 P.M		VICTORIA	Ar 1.04 P.M	Ar 5.40 P.M	
" 8.24	" 2.16		RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	" 1.00	" 5.36	
" 8.34	" 2.26		ESQUIMALT	" 12.50	" 5.26	
" 9.01	" 2.51		GOLDSTREAM	" 12.23 P.M	" 5.01	
" 9.56	" 3.46		SHAWNIGAN L'E	" 11.28	" 4.06	
" 10.08	" 3.56		COBBLE HILL	" 11.16	" 3.56	
" 10.25	" 4.11		McPHERSON'S	" 10.59	" 3.41	
" 10.37	" 4.21		KOKSILAH	" 10.47	" 3.31	
" 10.42	" 4.26		DUNCAN'S	" 10.42	" 3.26	
" 10.52	" 4.36		SOMENOS	" 10.32	" 3.16	
" 11.18	" 4.58		CHEMAINUS	" 10.06	" 2.54	
Ar 12.20 P.M	" 5.56	P. M. De 10.15	NANAIMO (Ar)	De 9.04	" 1.56	P. M. Ar 6.55
De 12.29			NANAIMO (De)	Ar 8.55		
Ar 12.44	Ar 6.11	Ar. 10.30	WELLINGTON	De 8.40 A.M	De 1.41 P.M	De 6.40

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

R. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Superintendent.
H. K. PRIOR,
my29 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

THE TRUE

Transcontinental Route

—BETWEEN THE—

PACIFIC AND THE ATLANTIC!

Its passenger equipment is the finest in the world, consisting of LUXURIOUS SLEEPING CARS having drawing, smoking and bath rooms; COMFORTABLE and CLEAN COLONIST CARS, with FREE SLEEPING BERTHS for holders of second class tickets; and the most modern style of day coaches.

Its Dining Cars and Hotels

Provide the best quality of food in unlimited quantity at reasonable rates. The

Variety and Grandeur of Scenery

along its line is unequalled, and in the details of track, train service, etc., nothing is omitted that can add to the Safety and Comfort of its patrons.

All in all, it gives the best and most serviceable line of travel, whether for business or pleasure, between *Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and all Pacific Coast Points,* and *Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York and all Eastern Cities.*

THROUGH TICKETS

Are issued to all principal points in the United States, Canada and Europe, at Lowest Rates.

For detailed information apply to

ROBT. IRVING,
Freight and Pass. Agent,
Gov't St., Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN,
D. F. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver.
fe23

THE GREAT

Transcontinental Route

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

VIA THE

Cascade Division, now completed, making it the Shortest, Best and Quickest.

The Dining Car line. The Direct Route. No Delays. Fastest Trains. Lowest Rates to Chicago and all points East. Tickets sold to all Prominent Points throughout the East and Southeast.

Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars

Reservations can be secured in advance.

To East Bound Passengers:

Be careful and do not make a mistake, but be sure to take the

Northern Pacific Railroad

And see that your ticket reads via THIS LINE, St. Paul or Minneapolis to avoid changes and serious delays occasioned by other routes.

Through Emigrant Sleeping Cars run on regular express trains full length of the line. Berths free. Lowest rates. Quickest time.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Pass. Agent,
Gov't St., Victoria.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
No. 2 Washington st., Portland, Or. jul21

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas Elwyn, deceased

ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS against the estate of the late Thomas Elwyn are requested to send particulars (properly certified) to the executors; and all persons indebted to the estate will please pay the amounts due forthwith.

HAMILTON MOFFATT, Executor.
sep29-6mo

Estate of W. C. S. Seeley.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING ANY CLAIMS against the Estate of the late W. C. S. Seeley, are requested to send in their accounts before February 1st, 1889, for immediate settlement. All persons owing the said estate are requested to settle forthwith.

jan6-td J. H. SEELEY, Executor.

Estate of Arthur John Finney, deceased, Intestate.

ALL persons indebted to the above estate are requested to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all persons having any claims against the said estate are requested to forward the same, duly proved, to

JAMES C. PREVOST,
Administrator.
Dated Jan. 9th, 1889. jan10

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier,

AND PAPER HANGER,

YATES STREET, above DOUGLAS.

fe18-6mo

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO.

DISPATCH A STEAMER
EVERY SATURDAY FOR SAN FRANCISCO,
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, leaving the Outer Wharf at 1 p. m.,

UMATILLA, Jan. 26th.

Shippers must notify us when room for freight is required.

No Freight received after 3 p. m. on Friday.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Wharf Street, Victoria, Agents.
de11

FOR NAAS AND SKEENA RIVERS,

Port Simpson and all Way Ports,

CARRYING H. M. MAILS.

The Northwestern Canneries Company Steamer

"CARIBOO--FLY"

W. H. MEYER, MASTER,

Will sail for the above Ports from TURNER BEETON & Co.'s Wharf,

Saturday, Feb. 2, at 12 Noon.

For freight or passage, apply to the Agent,
HENRY SAUNDERS,
dec29 Johnson Street.

C. P. N. CO., L'D.

Northern Route.

—STEAMSHIP—

SARDONYX

—WILL LEAVE—

On FEBRUARY FIFTEENTH, and thereafter on the *First* and *Fifteenth* of each month, for all points on the

NORTHERN ROUTE.

This fine Steamship has been thoroughly overhauled, entirely refitted, and *specially arranged* for the accommodation of TOURISTS. If sufficient inducement offers, will call at points on the West Coast, Queen Charlotte Island, Skidegate and Massett.

For Freight or Passage, apply at office of Company, 46 Wharf street.

jan26-tf JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PUGET SOUND STEAMERS

OF THE

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

STEAMERS

OLYMPIAN AND NORTH PACIFIC

BETWEEN

TACOMA AND VICTORIA.

The following schedule for the O. R. & N. Co.'s Steamers will be in effect on and after Jan. 23, 1889, until further notice:—

TACOMA---VICTORIA ROUTE.

Daily except Saturday.	Daily except Sunday.
Lv Tacoma - 7:00 a.m	Lv Victoria - 6:00 a.m
Ar Seattle - 9:15 a.m	Ar Pt. Towns'd 9:15 a.m
Lv Seattle - 9:45 a.m	Lv Pt. Towns'd 10:00 a.m
Ar Pt. Towns'd 1:15 p.m	Ar Seattle - 1:30 p.m
Lv Pt. Towns'd 2:00 p.m	Lv Seattle - 6:45 p.m
Ar Victoria - 5:30 p.m	Ar Tacoma, - 9:60 p.m

W. H. HOLCOMB, General Manager. C. W. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. L. MAXWELL, Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent, Portland, Or.
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Pass. Agent,
nov10 Gov't St., Victoria.

Canadian Pacific NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED)

Time Table No. 10, Takes Effect Nov. 1st, 1888

BURRARD INLET ROUTE

VICTORIA TO—

VANCOUVER AND MOODYVILLE,
Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

VANCOUVER TO VICTORIA,
Daily, except Monday, at 13:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

LEAVE VICTORIA—

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER, LADNER'S LANDING AND LULU ISLAND,
Tuesday at 8 o'clock; Thursday and Sunday at 7 o clock.

PLUMPER PASS,
Sunday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER FOR VICTORIA,
Monday at 13 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

FOR PLUMPER PASS,
Monday, at 13 o'clock.

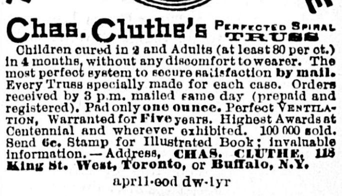
FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

Steamers leave NEW WESTMINSTER for CHILLIWHACK every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a.m.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
Nov. 7th. jy25

Patented in U. S. and Canada.



Chas. Cluthe's PERFECTED SPIRAL TRUSS

Children cured in 2 and Adults (at least 80 per ct.) in 4 months, without any discomfort to wearer. The most perfect system to secure satisfaction by mail. Every Truss specially made for each case. Orders received by 3 p.m. mailed same day (prepaid and registered). Pad only one ounce. Perfect VENTILATION, Warranted for Five years. Highest Awards at Centennial and wherever exhibited. 100 000 sold. Send 6c. Stamp for Illustrated Book; invaluable information.—Address, CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. West, Toronto, or Buffalo, N.Y.

april-eod dw-1yr

J. SEHL,

Manufacturer of

FURNITURE

Of Every Description
Also, Importer of

Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleum, Crockery, Lamps,

GLASSWARE, CUTLERY, PLATEDWARE,

The Trade Supplied on Liberal Terms.

Also just received a fine selection of

Bisque and Parian Marble Statuary

And an endless variety of Vases and House Decorations.

J. SEHL.

The Perry Creek Gold Mining Company,

(LIMITED LIABILITY.)

December Assessment, Due Jan. 17, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held on the 17th December, 1888, an assessment of Five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable on or before the 17th January, 1889, to the Secretary of the company at the company's office, Victoria, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessments shall remain unpaid on the 19th January, 1889, shall be deemed delinquent and will be duly advertised for sale at Public Auction, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 29th January, 1889, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

HENRY JACOBY,
The Company's Office, Secretary.
Government St., Victoria. nov10-5t-1w

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1889.

To Captains and Ship Owners.

Just arrived another lot of the celebrated Windsor ship stoves. Call and examine them at GEO. PHILLIPS, 152 Government street. 1*m.

Public Notice.

An interesting period of the year is now approaching, a period when men and maidens, boys and girls, send their love tokens to each other in the shape of Valentines, and we invite all those who intend to keep up the above old custom, to call and see our very exquisite assortment of these tender missives, in all the latest and prettiest designs, which St. Valentine (could he visit us) would pronounce the best ever seen in Victoria. M. W. Waitt & Co. *

Cutlery.

Just arrived—For the best table cutlery, pocket knives, razors, scissors, etc., of best Sheffield manufacture, go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street. *1mo

THE Finest Collection of Photographs ever shown in British Columbia is now on exhibition at the Hastings Art Studio, on Fort street. Call and see them. *

VICTORIA ART EMPORIUM.

The latest works of Art and all kinds of Pictures. English, American and Canadian Mouldings of best manufactures. Mirror frames and fine cabinet work made to order.

JOS. SOMMER,

Three doors south of Bank of British Columbia. je30-6m

Burnes' House.

Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C. New and elegant. Situated near the steamboat landings, with unsurpassed view of hills, bay and distant mountains. All rooms are light and sunny. Perfect ventilation.

Wrapping Paper. T. N. HIBBEN & Co.*

Go to G. W. Bigger's, three doors from post office, for fresh Eastern Oysters, 75c. per quart, arriving daily from St. Paul and Montreal. Also, the new California oranges just coming in, 30c. per dozen; and Riversides at $3.75 per case. Choice candies always on hand. Oysters wholesale and retail. *

THE cheapest and best place to buy Furniture for Christmas presents is at J. Sehl's, where you can buy a 7 piece solid walnut parlor suite for $45.00 and upwards. *

Wrapping Paper. T. N. HIBBEN & Co.*

Information.

To get genuine "Loch Katrine" go to the Clarence. *

Wrapping papers, all sizes and prices at T. N. HIBBEN & Co.'s *

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MONTHLY AND MINING REVIEW for sale at J. J. Daley & Co.'s, Government street. *1m

Imperial Bank of Canada Notes will be received by the Bank of British Columbia "at par." *6t

Broken Down.

"After suffering with dyspepsia, kidney disease, loss of appetite and pain in the head until discouraged, I heard of B.B.B., took two bottles and am happy to say I feel as well as ever." Mrs. Rufus E. Merry, New Albany, N. S. tts

Great sale at GILMORE & MCCANDLESS'.

Largest assortment of Wedding Stationery at THE COLONIST office. *

Fresh Oysters at the New England Bakery, Restaurant, Confectionery and Oyster Saloon, Nos. 116 and 118 Government street. Delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. tf

Very Valuable.

"Having used B. B. B. for biliousness and torpid liver, with the very best results, I would recommend it to all thus troubled. The medicine is worth its weight in gold." Tillie White, Manitowaning, Ont. *tts

JUST ARRIVED—direct from Vienna—a choice assortment of indestructible Austrian bent wood chairs; also piano and library lamps, at J. SEHL'S, 68 Government street. *tf

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MONTHLY AND MINING REVIEW will be for sale at M. W. Waitt & Co.'s Bookstore. *

Launches.

Marine and other work made and repaired at Victoria Machinery Depot.—SPRATT & GRAY, Rock Bay. *

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MONTHLY AND MINING REVIEW will be for sale at M. W. Waitt & Co.'s Bookstore. *

Ladies should Remember

That they can have their visiting cards printed from copper-plate, at THE COLONIST office. *

For the Ladies.

Miss Crabb, who has just arrived from Boston, wishes to call the attention of the ladies of Victoria to the fact that she has started dressmaking at No. 43 Blanchard street. Persons wishing first-class work will do well to give Miss Crabb a call. 1mo*

A FIRST-CLASS line of Stationery and Blank Books at WAITT'S Book Store. *

Printing Paper. T.N. HIBBEN & Co. *

A FIRST-CLASS line of Stationery and Blank Books at WAITT'S Book Store. *

For best value in Men's and Boy's clothing go to Gilmore & McCandless. Overcoats very cheap. GILMORE & McCANDLESS, Johnson street. Telephone call, 563. *tf

Our line of Accordeons this season, surpasses anything of the kind seen here before. Waitt & Co. *

Diphtheria.

"Last January," says J. N. Teeple, of Orwell, Ont., "there appeared diphtheria in our neighborhood. Doctors ran night and day, but I kept right to Hagyard's Yellow Oil and brought my children through all right." Yellow Oil cures all painful complaints and injuries. *tts

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. my31-eod-dw

Wisconsin lumbermen cutting timber on the reservation near Cloquet, were ordered to desist by the government, but no attention was paid to the order and the men threaten violence if interfered with.

Robert Stewart Menzies, M. P. for the east division of Perthshire, is dead.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—A meeting of the new Panama company was held to-night, at which DeLesseps was received with enthusiasm on account of his zeal in furthering the enterprise, but no money was offered in payment for the shares.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

For San Francisco.

The steamship Umatilla left at one o'clock yesterday afternoon for San Francisco, with the following passengers: R. V. Martinson and wife, F. Bareth, H. T. Brown and wife, P. Birrell, J.B. Preston, H. E. Law, H. Shaw and six in the steerage.

Vancouver Fog.

At eleven o'clock last night, Vancouver had been surrounded by dense fog, for thirty hours. The steamer Premier had not yet arrived from the Sound, and the steamer Islander was forced to anchor in the harbor, cancelling her regular trip to this city.

Comox News.

The news from the Comox mines is of the most encouraging character, the seams turning out excellent in quality and regular in quantity. The work of ballasting the road is progressing favorably. The sickness at the mines has entirely died out, and the general health of the settlement is excellent.

Pandora Methodist Church.

Rev. Mr. Macleod was to have occupied the Pandora Street Methodist Church pulpit this morning, but declined to fulfil his engagement in consequence of his disapproval of the debate on St. Paul, which was held in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening last. Letters have been exchanged between the two pastors on the subject, but their purport has not been divulged.

Another Reckless Sportsman.

A light row-boat, in which a man and woman were crossing the harbor from Laurel point, was struck by a bullet from some careless sportsman's rifle yesterday afternoon. The gunner was seen, but did not wait for explanations. His violation of the law in discharging firearms within the city limits has been brought to the knowledge of the officers, and he will no doubt pay dearly for his fun.

North Pacific Packing Co.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz, which sailed for northern ports last evening, had on board twelve men for the North Pacific Packing Co. at Skeena river. The steamer will call at Nanaimo and take on board groceries and supplies from A. R. Johnson & Co. for the same company, and also 36,000 feet of lumber and 35,000 shingles to be used in the erection of the company's buildings. Mr. J. A. Carthew, the manager, will join the vessel at Nanaimo to-day and proceed north.

A Steamer from San Francisco Every Five Days.

A despatch to THE COLONIST from San Francisco says, the Pacific Coast Steamship Co. have announced that after March 1st they will run a steamer every five days to Victoria and Puget Sound, the Walla Walla, Mexico and Umatilla alternating. The steamer for Alaska will always connect with the Walla Walla, commencing about June next. The large side-wheel steamer Olympian will run five first-class passenger excursions to Alaska, connecting with the Umatilla in Puget Sound and at Victoria.

A Great Remedy.

The treatment of catarrh and kindred diseases by inhalation is a comparatively modern advance in medical science. Apparently it is the most successful of all known systems. The "Carbolic smoke ball" has recently been found to possess wonderful efficacy in the treatment of the class of disease referred to, and as the remedy is cheap and easily administered, it will doubtless become vesy generally used by all sufferers wishing to be cured, in the near future. The Smokeball company offer a free trial of their great medicine to any one who will apply at their branch office in this city, at Room "C," over the "White House" dry goods store.

Heine's Farewell.

As often as Mr. Josef Heine choses to appear before a Victoria audience, he may rely upon being greeted by an enthusiastic assemblage of admirers. His farewell c ncert last evening filled Pandora street Methodist church to the very doors, and everyone in the large audience expressed the pleasure which all felt with the excellent programme provided. Prof. Heine was assisted by Mrs. and Miss Heine, and the various numbers on the programme were all executed with faultless taste and expression. It is to be regretted that the delightful entertainment was termed a farewell performance, as Victorians hope to, before very long, again have the pleasure of listening to the music of the blind musician and his talented wife and daughter.

Sailed for the North.

The steamer Boscowitz sailed from Spratt's wharf at five o'clock yesterday afternoon for Fort Simpson and way ports, in charge of Capt. McCulloch and Purser Moore. Mr. J. McDonald will accompany the steamer as far as Nanaimo, as the representative of the receiver. The Boscowitz carried in all about 75 tons of freight, principally for the Hudson's Bay Co. Her list of passengers was also a full one. Messrs. Draney Bros., with their wives and families, were bound for River's Inlet; Mr. J. Montgomery, engineer of the steamer Nell, had taken passage for Georgetown, where he will meet his boat. Judge Wootten, who is going to Metlakahtla; and Messrs. Carthew, Cuthbert and Rowen, who are going to Skeena, will meet the steamer at Nanaimo and proceed north.

Entertainment at Comox.

Last Friday, the 17th of January, the ladies of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Comox, held in the parsonage a sale of work of work and fancy goods. Thanks to the energy and activity of Mrs. Bentley, Mrs. Horace Smith, the Misses Kirby and the Misses Smith, the sale was a great success. The refreshment table was laden with an abundance of delicacies, the gifts of several members of the congregation, and if appearances were not deceiving these gifts were much appreciated. Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Willemar, who presided at the board, would have been unable to attend to all the demands had they not been ably assisted by several gentlemen, especially by Messrs. E. Halliday and Honeyman. The music and the singing were particularly good. Altogether the evening was a most successful and pleasant one. The proceeds of the sale are to complete the east end window of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church. The central piece of the same window was put in last year by Mrs. Willemar to the memory of her father, Henry Douglas Monro. It is of stained glass, and represents St. Andrew, the patron saint of the church.

CITY POLICE COURT.

(Before Hon. A. N. Richards, P. M.)

The unfortunate woman known as "Birdie" Jones, who was arrested on a bench warrant, by Officer Thomas, not having obeyed the summons served upon her to answer to the charge of vagrancy, was the only culprit before his honor yesterday morning. The accused said that she had been sick and unable to answer the summons. She did not deny the charge, and a fine of $25 was imposed. The girl had no money, and was in consequence sent down for two months, his honor remarking that it was a shame that no other place had been provided for the reception of these unfortunate women.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SANITARY.

TO THE EDITOR:—The separate, or combined system of sewerage, which will eventually be adopted in this city, appears to be the most important subject, and one requiring the most careful consideration, that the board of aldermen will have to deal with during the present year.

The time and study which Dr. Milne has given to the above subject, and the very able manner in which that gentleman has placed his views before the public, will without doubt materially assist the board in arriving at a wise solution of the problem. It should, however, be borne in mind that the carrying out of the most complete sanitary scheme that can be devised will not necessarily make this a healthy city. There are other important sanitary reforms which require immediate attention, viz., the regulation and inspection of all lodging houses; overcrowding; the inspection of butchers' meat, fish, poultry and all other articles offered for sale, for the food of man. The filling up or cleansing of all cesspools, ashpits, ditches, etc., constituting a nusiance; also the inspection of all trade premises, the effluvia from which is considered injurious to the public health; the regulation and inspection of privies, waterclosets, and cowhouses, stables, etc., and many other matters too numerous to mention.

What is wanted is an efficient and energetic person as inspector of nuisances, who should make inspections of the city, both systematically at certain periods and at intervals as occasion may require and keep himself informed in respect of the nuisances existing therein, and report from time to time to the sanitary authority with a view of obtaining instructions for the removal or abatement of nuisances, as the case may be.

As a citizen, I feel an interest in the future welfare and prosperity of this city, and I exult in the prospect of some day seeing it as highly recommended for its clean and healthy appearance as it is now notorious for its filth and unwholesomeness.

Let us hope that those we have placed in authority over these matters will prove faithful to their trust and that they will discharge the duties devolving upon them with credit to themselves, and so as to merit the confidence reposed in them.

CITIZEN.

Great sale at GILMORE & MCCANDLESS'.

THE FORESTERS AND THE JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR:—"Northern Light" is slightly astray in the heading of his letter in your issue of this date. It was not a published *Balance sheet*, but a subscribers' *list* of donations and subscriptions *paid* and total of *unpaid*.

He is quite correct as to his Court not being the one who did promise, but what I have to do is with the *unperformed promise of the "Ancient Order of Foresters Friendly Society" as a body*, and, surely, what affects the good standing of one lodge of the order is generally considered as reflecting on the principles of the order generally—at least, that is my experience in similar institutions.

I subjoin *a copy of the original letter* received:

COURT VANCOUVER, No. 5,755, A.O.F.
Victoria, B. C., April 12th, 1887.

Mr. Chudley, Secretary Jubilee Hospital Fund:

DEAR SIR,—I am instructed to inform you that at a meeting of the above Court, held on the 4th instant, the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) was voted to the Jubilee Hospital fund, which will be handed over when applied for.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
(Signed) J. R. MCKENSIE,
Secretary Court Vancouver, 5,755."

Repeated applications for payment have not been successful and to this day I am uninformed of the reason for the non-payment of the same.

If there has been any misunderstanding amongst the members in their lodges of course the outside public have nothing to say; but I again assert that the sum of $200 (two hundred dollars) was promised by "the Ancient Order of Foresters" and still remains unpaid.

There is now every opportunity for the Order to prove their good fellowship and interest in this noble building, now in course of erection, and thus make up for the time they have hitherto lost. I commend this view specially to "Genial Benjamin," the P. C. Ranger of "Northern Light," to extend the *range* of his observations and with his usual tact and energy, speedily *arrange* this little difficulty and hand up a goodly subscription.

Faithfully yours,
WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon.-Secretary.

Great sale at GILMORE & MCCANDLESS'.

TELEGRAPHIC.

TO THE EDITOR:—I do not think that there is another instance to be found where a seaport of so much importance as Victoria that has not in active operation direct communication with all neighboring towns, without the inconvenience we experience here in telegraphing hundreds of miles to reach a point not twenty miles from our city.

By way of example and amusement, let us for once follow a message in its course after leaving here. But first, we will imagine a ship lying in anchor at Port Angeles. A charter is secured for her to load salmon. Agents in Victoria telegraph to Nanaimo, thence to Vancouver, thence to New Westminster, Lacomer, Seattle, etc., and back up the Sound to Port Townsend, from there to Angeles, a town not twenty miles distant from here. This is no doubt a certain advantage over the days of ox teams, but if progressive Victoria is to prosper as nature designed her to, all modern improvements must be immediately introduced.

The question of a telegraphic cable from here to Port Angeles was brought to the notice of the public through the *Times* newspaper by Mr. R. B. McMicking, and it is a question that should meet with earnest attention. Why cannot our business men take up this idea and form a local company? So that in sending messages to and from our city we may have direct telegraphic connection with any point in the United States at the lowest possible rate and the quickest possible time.

Victorians are progressive and quite up to the times, but this question of direct telegraphic communication appears to be a matter that is everybody's business and yet is nobody's business, and it is with the end in view of interesting our citizens in this important matter that I think the suggestion of Mr. R. B. McMicking not only an investment that will pay well, but also an undertaking that is of vital importance to our commercial community generally.

R.T.W.

Victoria, Jan. 26th, 1889.

Great sale at GILMORE & MCCANDLESS'.

MARINE.

Ship Antrim, now at Departurq Bay, will begin loading Wellington coal on Monday.

Ship America, in tow of the tug Mastic, has arrived at Nanaimo to load Vancouver coal for San Francisco.

Steamship Costa Rica, with 2400 tons of Vancouver coal, sailed from Nanaimo for South America yesterday.

WESTMINSTER mills family Blankets and Flannels, for sale at the WESTSIDE. *

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MEMORY FLASHES AND PEN SKETCHES.

Culled From the Note Book of a Journalist and Traveller.

[BY GEORGE JAMES CAPEL.]

Ring, ring the bell, the world's turned upside down.
We'll have dessert to-day, there's chestnuts in the town!

I dare say that a great many of the readers of this journal have purchased copies of the Christmas number of the *Illustrated London News*. The two illustrations, "A Daughter of Eve," and "Charming Kate," are very remarkable specimens of copies from paintings, the efforts of the artists having been studied with wonderful effect. It is impossible to get out of range of the eyes of little Eve or charming Kate. Take whatever position you may in the room the eyes on the pictures will follow you. A friend of mine had a slight attack of "jim-jams" at Christmas, and the pictures so annoyed him that he took them down from the wall of his room; he said "it seemed doosed hard that a fellow couldn't move around without their staring at me, so I took 'em down, and burned 'em." This trick of the eyes brings to my mind an experience I had in New York. I was passing down the Bowery with one of the boys from the *World* office, when he drew my attention to a man walking round and round in a cage suspended in a dime museum. We watched the man for some considerable time, and at last we went in. "Just look here, strangers," said the man, "I've been walking round this darned cage all the morning, and that owl (it was an owl in the cage) has kept his eyes on me all the time. I have been expecting his darned head to screw off every minute, but no, he's been turning his head round all the time, and nothing has happened—strange, isn't it?" We assured him that the owl did adjust its head every time, but it was done so rapidly that the human eyesight was not sharp enough to detect it—in fact, it had never been detected, and if he kept walking round the cage until doomsday the bird's head would turn round and round without a movement of its body.

* * *

Popular, yet well abused. Did not suspect his friend;
He'd faults of head, yet none of heart—beware!
Had handled millions—built roads without an end,
Yet let Tom Russell Victoria hustle—our Mayor!

* * *

I did not see anything in the statement of accounts relative to the money collected from fines in connection with the James Bay bridge. I have been a traveller all my life, but never before did I fall across a bridge connecting two portions of a town that could not be driven over at any rate of speed. My attention was first drawn to this system of levying fines by a paragraph, in which Mr. Davie was fined, *and paid*, $5 for the privilege of exercising his horse on a bridge that the local authorities themselves admitted was not safe. "Why didn't he enter an action against the town for allowing an unsafe structure to span the harbor?" I asked a gentleman. "Oh! the fact is, you know, Davie is a smart fellow, d'ye see, and he knows 'em," replied he. After a while I found there was a bri'ge guardian. I and he had a pleasant glass together in the saloon at the top of the steps fronting the bridge. He is a nice sort of party, one of the old timers, and as he kept one eye on his glass and the other on the bridge, he and I had "a good old time of it." "Yes," said he, "that bridge pays—has paid for itself in fines. If we had another or two of 'em there wouldn't be any rates to pay in Victoria!" And yet, as I said to my old lady, when I was steering into bed the other morning, they call these Victorians mossbacks!

* * *

"Though towns and crowds invite
And noise and folly promise high delight,
Soon the tired soul disgusted turns from these
The moral prospect only long can please!"

* * *

I notice that at a meeting of the aldermanic board the other day Alderman Harris gave notice of a motion for any necessary overdraft on the bank. Many years ago,—I being a popular kind of fellow—was, in a weak moment, fool enough to allow myself to be elected as a town commissioner for my native town. Of course I soon lost my popularity, and no doubt should have been publicly abused worse than Mayor Grant had I not been proprietor of the only paper published in the town. As it was I kept the insulting letters I received out of print. Like all conscientious public bodies, we were averse to pushing our friends, the ratepayers, for their rates. The delinquents were all personal friends of ours. They were the owners and proprietors of the saloons, etc., and there, as in Victoria, the publicans and "sinners" ruled the roost—in fact we owed the dignity of office to the "devil's elect," and of course we couldn't for *conscience sake* turn against 'em. So we overdrew a pretty good round sum at the bank, for which the board was in due course charged interest. When the auditor from the local government board audited the accounts at the end of the year, he would not allow this interest money, and we, the commissioners, had to pay it out of our own pockets; it ran to about £2 each. There were nine of us, I remember, and we all looked pretty blue at having to pay it. "This interest is not legal," said the auditor. "You must collect your outstanding rates, and when this is done, if you have not money enough to meet expenses, you must levy a supplementary rate."

* * *

He'd probe the deepest depths of crime and sin,
Hold forth God's Word with acclamation loud,
Defend his Church—the crown of victory win.
A man of men is Parson P. Macleod.

* * *

The price of meat is nearly a third less in Victoria than it is in many towns in the old country. Veal here is about the same price as beef; in San Francisco it is much higher; I suppose the fatted calf is killed there less often than it is here. Said Tom Taylor (the late lamented Tom), at the Athenæum Club, "That fatted calf has always been a mystery to me, in fact, so is the prodigal son. To think," said Tom, "that the prodigal young scamp, after spending every shilling in riotous living, and what not, (the *what not* being infinitely worse than the riotous living), should, when he returned home be entertained on the best, while his hard-working brother, who no doubt had kept the farm going, and stuck to his old father, was only a looker-on at the feast; and there is no doubt that the young rascal's father had *kept that fatted calf for years* waiting his return. Seeing this I ask what encouragement is this for the industrious and persevering? None!"

* * *

One of the smartest little evening papers in my travels is your local *Times*—it is in every respect far beyond the *Evening Post* of San Francisco. I was at one time a subscriber to the *Times*, but I gave it up when the "Drum," I beg pardon, the "Town Major," retired from the staff. There used to be a spirit of enterprise in the little paper, and it did not mind paying for this enterprise. Last Wednesday it made another dash, when it "scooped" THE COLONIST, by way of an interview with Howell's, the engineer, and a special article on the Panama Canal. Now, if the ink-slinger of the *Times* had referred to the San Francisco Sunday *Examiner*, of *three weeks* previously, he could have cut out that special with a pair shears. Strange, he did not see it, as on that Sunday there was an illustrated article of half a dozen pages on Seattle, and the papers were thrown broad-cast all over British Columbia—in fact all the meat, fish, butter and vegetables, coming into my hotel for weeks past have been wrapped in this particular paper. It doesn't show much for the *Times* editor's style of living that he didn't fall across the paper.

Apropos to this special business of the *Times* it would be a great boon and blessing to the compositors of Victoria (and elsewhere) if editors would out their leading articles out of the exchanges instead of re-writing them. There are several articles, written originally in London, that have followed me all over the United States for the last four years—I have seen them dished up as original in every kind of calligraphy (?) under the sun, and I only escaped from the United States to find them in Victoria. "It makes me tired!"

* * *

Owner of mines, of untold wealth, a canny Scot;
But don't you forget it, he is no snob!
Will come down handsome for tramways, and what not;
Victoria's best friend is the Honorable Bob!

* * *

When I was a boy there was a gentleman lived at Buckley Hall, in Somersetshire. He was the personification of what he actually was, "the fine old English gentleman, one of the olden times." He had a noble face, and his head was thick with locks as white as snow. In those days Buckley Hall ranked high among the baronial homes of England—it possessed a splendid gallery of paintings—I will tell my readers something about these paintings some day when I have the inclination and time. The old gentleman had several sons—splendid fellows they all were. One of them is Edmund Pigott, a correspondent of the *Daily News*, M.C., and inspector of plays. At the *Punch* dinner one night a discussion arose as to the hereafter, and in a brilliant speech Pigott maintained that mankind were transubstantiated in vegetables, ending up with "I never see a fine cauliflower on the table but what I think of my lamented dear old white-headed father."

* * *

A genial Scotchman—his church's leader,
Smiling and pleasant, a gentleman in storm or fair;
A diplomat; a journalist; a special pleader,
Is the Honorable John—our *Provincial Secretaire*.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The C. P. N. Co's scow is loading water pipe at Spratt's wharf.

A seventy-foot mizzen-mast for the Sardonyx is being shaped at Sayward's.

Pandora Street Methodist Church Sunday School will hold their anniversary services to-day.

The meeting for young men to be held this afternoon in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., will be conducted by Mr. A. N. Muir.

The revival services which have been held during the past week, will be continued during the present week in Calvary Baptist church.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Y.M.C.A., for the consideration of important business, will be held on Friday evening next.

Mr. Beaumont Boggs has resigned his position in the Dominion Savings Bank, to engage in the real estate business with Mr. F. G. Richards, jr.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street, Rev. M. L. Rugg, pastor—Preaching as usual Sunday, morning and evening. Sunday school at the close of morning service. Subject of evening sermon—The Unpardonable Sin.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y

NOTICES.

REMOVAL.

MR. A. V. BOSSI HAS REMOVED HIS Grocery business from the corner of View and Quadra streets to the corner of Johnson and Quadra streets. jan15-1m

Notice of Removal!

WM. CRAFT

HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK OF STAPLE and Fancy Dry Goods to the new "C. & N." Block, 93 Douglas street, next Johnson street. jan11-1mo

DR. JACKSON
Has Removed his Office
to Craft & Norris Block, Douglas Street—UP-STAIRS.

Office hours—10 to 12 A. M.; 6 to 9 P. M. jan9-1m

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.
Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and Ether administered for th painless extraction of teeth.
CRAFT AND NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.
Residence, No. 8 Pioneer street.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

Notice of Removal!

LEWIS HALL, D. D. S.,
-:- DENTIST, -:-
Wishes to notify the public that he
HAS REMOVED
From 76 Yates street to the Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. dec30-6t

Notice of Change of Proprietorship and Removal.

I have disposed of my Drug Business to WM. JACKSON, JR. & Co.
WM. JACKSON, M. R. C. S. E.,
Cor. Broad and Johnson sts.

The undersigned having succeeded to the above mentioned drug business beg to notify the public that they have removed to the Craft & Norris Block, Douglas Street, where by a careful attention to business they hope to receive a fair share of patronage.
WM. JACKSON, JR. & CO.,
Dispensing Chemists and Druggists.
Offices to let up stairs. dec5-3mo

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

OVERCOATS. SUITS. HATS. UNDERWEAR.
PANTS. BOYS' CLOTHING. SCARFS. SHIRTS.

W. & J. WILSON

New Stock for this Season. PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.
WE BUY FOR CASH AND SELL CHEAP BEST VALUE. OPP. POST OFFICE.
oc15-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

LAST WEEK
—OF THE—
GREAT
Dry Goods Sale!
—AT—
RUSSELL McDONALD & Co.
Masonic Building,
DOUGLAS STREET.

Drawing for the 56 Valuable Prizes takes place on FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, at Seven P. M. Ticket holders are invited to attend.

Our Immense Annual
BOOT & SHOE SALE
Commences February 1st.

Full particulars will be published shortly.

dec2-1v

DEVLIN
The Grocer,
Feels liberal after the Election, and in consequence offers renewed inducements to his customers, in the shape of
CHEAP
Tea and Coffee,
In both of which he offers the Finest Grades,
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

In COFFEE, I have the best mixture in Victoria, and retail the same at 40 cents per pound.

My TEAS are mixed and blended with the greatest care, and are offered at from 3 lbs. for one dollar to 5 lbs. for $3.20.

Samples of all Goods are given free of charge,

And I consider it a compliment for you to ask for a sample—for if goods do not suit it don't cost you a cent. I sell goods on their merits.

GIVE US A CALL, AND BE CONVINCED.

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.
jan19

S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, near Government street. Received, a consignment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, to sell at 25c. and 50c. pair. Every Glass guaranteed to suit the sight. Beware of Pedlers and irresponsible persons representing themselves as my Agents, they will impose on you and ruin your sight. sep27-1yr

BELLINGHAM BAY
Properties to suit all classes of Investors.

Some special Bargains in Water Lots.

Also, Victoria City Property and Farms for sale on easy terms.

HENDERSON & PARKER,
67 Government Street.
P. O. Box 158. oc17-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENGLISH "K" BOOTS,
In Different Styles and Widths,
—AT—
ERSKINE'S Boot and Shoe EMPORIUM,
132 GOVERNMENT STREET, COR. JOHNSON.
mar23-d&w-1yr

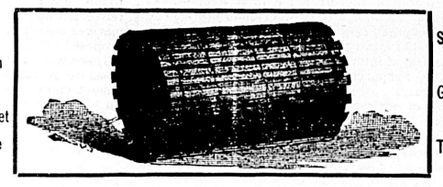
THE-:-WHITE-:-HOUSE!
Dress and Mantle Making
First-Class in every respect. Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.
ALL DEPARTMENTS
Replete with the Most Fashionable Goods,
Which we are offering at Reasonable Prices. Special attention is directed to our unrivalled stock of
BLANKETS, MUFFS, MANTLES,
COMFORTERS, FUR CAPES, JACKETS,
—AND—
Fancy Knit Wool Shawls, Hoods and Fascinators.

"Save time and money by buying all Knitting Wools and Yarns at THE WHITE HOUSE, where the largest stock in B. C. is to be found." INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.
dec9

15 Fort Street, VICTORIA. 132 Cordova St., VANCOUVER.
McLENNAN & McFEELY,
Manufacturers
PICKET WIRE FENCE.

This Fence can be seen erected on Douglas Street opposite the



Scotch Bakery, and on Governm't St., opposite the Teleg'ph Office

THE above cut represents the Fencing as it comes from the machine. It is made in rolls from 2 to 5 rods, and is sold at $1.00 to $2.00 per rod (16½ ft.) Pickets are 4 ft. long and any desired distance apart. We also make a capital Chicken Fence of laths. The Fence is made of Pickets woven into Double Strands of Heavy Galvanized "Telegraph" Wire. Each cable will stand a strain of 1500 lbs. After being in use, the Staples may be withdrawn, the Fence rolled up and carried to other points without injury. No two pieces of wood come in contact, no rails or nails are used, and it will last 40 years. It will turn horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry. The Dominion Government has scores of miles of this Fencing along the Intercolonial Railway. dec28

CLOTHING.

DERBY
Driving Gloves.
Gents' Fine Calf two-Button heavy stitched back A 1 Gloves,
One Dollar per Pair!
—AT THE—
WESTSIDE
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
sep7

ORIEL
Sanitary
DRAIN PIPE
COMPANY.
Now Ready for Sale at the Works,
AT THE FOLLOWING LOW PRICES:

3-inch	5 feet long	@	12½	cts.	per	foot.
4 "	5 "	"	15	"	"	
6 "	3 "	"	20	"	"	

Other sizes in proportion.

Orders can be left at the Japanese Bazaar, or at the Works.
jan23-1mo

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
HATTERS AND CLOTHIERS,
HAVE A FINE STOCK OF
Clothing and General Outfitting Goods,
Which should be Examined Before Purchasing Elsewhere.
THE PRICES WILL BE FOUND RIGHT.
Remember the Place, Johnson Street,
BETWEEN BROAD AND DOUGLAS.